THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Historical Society

Vol. LXII No 36 – E J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor. $1.50 per year in advance

NAPANEE, ONTARIO, CANADA—TUESDAY, AUGUST 7th, 1923.

A Reputation—

for unvarying Quality is the Greatest Mark of Distinction.

"SALADA"

TEA

has given Matchless Quality for 31 years. So Delicious! Just Try It.

DOXSEE & CO.

Millinery

An attractive collection of Summer Hats in White, Sand, Grey, Mountain Haze, including exclusive designs in Sport Hats.

Hosiery

Silk and Lisle, in all the newest shades, including Pearl, Sand and Black.

Prices moderate.

Corsets and Brassieres a Specialty

The Leading Millinery House

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Suits Made to Order

Blue and Grey Serges, Brown and Mixed Worsteds

Home-Spuns and Light Weight Tweeds.

$25

W.W.ADAMS

Men's and Boys' Furnishings

Newburgh, - Ont.

INSURANCE

For Fire Insurance try
ALFRED McCUTCHEON,
Roblin.

A number of compaines to choose from.

Office:
Residence, Roblin, Main Street. 27-tf

H. W. GALLAGHER

The People's Auctioneer

My experience in handling a number of very successful sales has convinced my patrons that I am capable of handling any sale and guarantee to give you perfect satisfaction.

List your sales with me.

H. W. GALLAGHER
Phone 10 ring 1-3, Adolphustown.

DENBIGH.

Mrs. (Dr.) J. Adams has arrived home from Peterboro, where she enjoyed a couple of weeks visiting with her son and other relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Froth, who spent a few weeks here visiting relatives at their old home have returned to New Liskeard, their present home.

Mr. E. C. Bebee and family, former residents of our village, who spent a few days here renewing old acquaintances and visiting relatives and old friends have returned to North Bay, their present residence, accompanied by Miss Anna Lane, who intends to attend a High School there.

Miss Mina Lane and Miss Anna Kliem have arrived from Cleveland, Ohio, to enjoy a pleasant visit with their parents and other relatives here.

Miss Mae Ball has gone to Cleveland to reside.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Berger and family, of Toronto, are enjoying a pleasant visit with Mr. and Mrs. J. Hahn.

Messrs. Chas. Both, G. Adam and F. Warlich made a business trip to Renfrew and Pembroke.

A very pleasant and successful at-tended reception was given in the Methodist church to Rev. P. Scott, who succeeds Rev. C. J. Hall, in the ministry of this Mission.

Ladies your attention is called to the different kinds of canvas footwear made by Dominion Rubber System. Sold at WILSON'S SHOE STORE.

PROCLAMATION

Under and by virtue of a resolution of the Municipal Council of the Town of Napanee, I hereby proclaim

MONDAY, AUGUST 13th, 1923

as a

CIVIC HOLIDAY

in and for the said Town of Napanee, and I do respectfully request that all citizens do loyally observe the same.

ALEXANDER MACGREGOR,
Mayor.

Aug. 4th, 1923.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

JUDICIAL SALE

Pursuant to the judgment and Order of the Supreme Court of Ontario and bearing date respectively the 19th day of March, 1923, and 14th day of June, 1923, made in the matter of the estate of Philip Jones, settler, there will be sold by public auction, with the approbation of the Local Master, at Napanee, at the Council Chamber, in the Town Hall, Napanee, on Saturday, the 1st day of September next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, all the following valuable farm property:

Lot No. 4 and the west half of Lot No. 5, in the 7th concession of the Township of Ernestown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, containing 300 acres, more or less. Also that part of Gore "G" in the rear of the above described lands supposed to contain 15 acres, more or less, excepting out of said Lot No. 5, one acre of land heretofore conveyed to the Trustees of School Section No. 20.

The said lands will be sold en bloc or in two parcels at the discretion of the said Master as follows:

PARCEL NO. 1—All that part of the said above described premises lying north of the travelled road, known as the Palace road, running across said lot, containing 165 acres, more or less.

PARCEL NO. 2—All that part of the above described premises lying south of the said travelled road, containing 150 acres, more or less.

Upon Parcel No. 1 are erected a two-story brick dwelling house, about 24 x 40, with frame kitchen and woodshed attached, a large frame barn, sheds, and a drive house.

There are no buildings on Parcel No. 2.

The premises are well watered, and the fences are in a fair state of repair.

The premises will be sold subject to a reserve bid fixed by the said Master.

TERMS OF SALE—A deposit of 10 per cent. at the time of sale, and the balance in one month thereafter without interest.

In all other respects the terms and conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of the said Court.

For further particulars apply on the premises, and at the law offices of J. E. Madden, and U. M. Wilson, Napanee.

J. E. MADDEN, S. S. LAZIER,
Plaintiffs Solicitor. Master.

Dated 13th July, 1923. 36-d

Brick

Special Prices to clear out the yard.

W. H. J. HAINES

TAMWORTH, - ONTARIO

24-tf

WANTED—Second hand cash register in good condition. Apply Box 622, Napanee.

FOR SALE—Motor boat. Hull in excellent shape. 10 h.p. motor. Apply WILMOT & CHAPMAN, Ford dealers. 36-a

HOUSE FOR SALE—On Thomas street, 6 room house, all newly decorated, electric lights. Apply GEO. HARTMAN. 29-t-f

FOR SALE—Two good frame houses on the north side of Mill street. Apply to WALTER PLUMLEY, Napanee. 23-tf

LOST—Between Napanee and Croydon, via Selby road, a lady's black satin coat. Will finder kindly return to this office. 36

FOR SALE—Excelsior Motor Cycle and side car in good running condition and a bargain. Apply WILMOT & CHAPMAN, Ford dealers. 36-a

FOR SALE—One Chevrolet, 8 cylinder, one McLaughlin six with art-craft top. Both in good running condition. Bargain for quick sale. CHEVROLET GARAGE, Belleville. 35-cp

FOR SALE—One of the most desirable properties in town, all modern conveniences and excellent location. Opposite Harvey Warner Park. Apply to C. W. BOWEN. 27-tf

ALWAYS a number of farms and houses in town for sale. Owners may also list property for sale at low terms. No sale, no charge. T. B. GERMAN, Barrister, Napanee, Ont. 6-tf

½ TON FORD TRUCK FOR SALE 1917, a sacrifice. Have you heard about the new Peerless Hand Milker. Ask your neighbor. Frost & Wood Machinery and Cockshutt Plows. Sisal Roofing. Sold by SPENCER & SON. 34

WANTED—The Children's Aid Society would be pleased to receive any quantity of cast off clothing, suitable for boys and girls from one to fourteen years of age. Any person having same to give away, kindly communicate with the undersigned. F. W. BARRETT, Inspector C.A.S., Napanee, Box 86.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A very valuable and most desirable farm of 150 acres, possessing exceptional conveniences and attractions; situation the very best, being the east quarter of lot 18 and the west half of lot 19 in the fifth concession of the Township of Ernestown. Considered from every standpoint this is perhaps the best opportunity now in sight or on the market in this district. For any person wishing to purchase a farm. For particulars apply to W. J. NORMILE, Napanee; or T. B. GERMAN, Barrister, Napanee, Ont. 35

A. E. PAUL

Clerk 1st Division Court

INSURANCE.

Office:
OVER HENRY'S BOOKSTORE. 11-3-m

How Do You Remit Money?

THE next time it is necessary for you to remit money, remember that the safest, most convenient and economical medium is *Bank Money Orders.* They are issued for any amount up to fifty dollars, and you can purchase them at our nearest branch at prices ranging from three cents to fifteen cents, plus revenue stamps.

THE
DOMINION BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH - - - G. PATTON CARR, Manager

Roblin Branch, open Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, April 30th to November 15th.
Thursday and Friday from November 15th to April 30th.

Be Warned

KEEPING your insurance papers, deeds, bonds and other valuables at home until they are stolen or destroyed by fire, instead of renting a Safety Deposit Box, is on a par with "locking the stable door after the horse is stolen."

Don't procrastinate! Rent a box to-day at this Bank.

THE
STANDARD BANK
OF CANADA

TOTAL ASSETS OVER EIGHTY-THREE MILLIONS

Napanee Branch, R. R. White, Manager.
Branches also at Belleville, Brighton, Camden East, Deseronto, Newburgh, Picton, Trenton and Kingston.

NAPANEE COLL. EXAMS.

Certificates for Lower School Examination have been issued to the Dept. of Education to the following candidates who were recommended by the Staff of the Napanee Coll. Institute or who passed on the examinations at the Collegiate Institute in June. The numbers following the names represent the subjects which the candidates are given credit for on the certificate. The numbers for the subjects are as follows: Eng. Grammar 1; Can. History 2; Geography 3; Physiography 4; Arithmetic 5; Art 6; Botany 7; Zoology 8; Lat. Grammar 9; Physiology Allen 2, 3, 6, 7; Rupert Amey 6, 8; Douglas Anderson 2, 3, 6, 7; Aneta Assistine 2, 3, 6, 7; Oscar Assistine 2, 3, 6, 7; Edna Aylesworth 2, 3, 7; Leah Aylesworth 4, 5, 6, 8; Hazel Baker 6, 7; Ina Barnard 5, 6, 8; Theresa Barnhardt 5, 6, 8; Aylife Benn 2, 3, 6; Irene Benn 4, 5; Malcolm Corkill 2, 3, 6, 7; Viola Carry 2, 3, 6, 7; Agnes Davy 2, 3, 6, 7; Helen Denison 2, 3, 6, 7; Pauline Denison 1, 4, 5, 8; Gwennell Dingman 2, 6, 7; Ray Dickson 6, 7; Hilda Doyle 2, 3, 6, 7; Winnifred Drake 2, 3, 6, 7; Greta Dudgeon 6; Irene Ferguson 5, 6, 8; Wm. Friskens 2, 3, 6, 7; Irene Garrison 1, 4, 5, 6, 8; Madge Garrison 3, 6; Mary Garrison 4, 5, 6, 8; Gordon Gilmour 2, 3, 6, 7; Mark C. Graham 2, 3, 6, 7; Gertrude Grange 2, 3, 6, 7; Edna Gray 6, 7; Marjorie Ham, 1, 5, 8, 9; Mae Hawley 4, 5, 6, 8; Muriel Hart 4, 6, 8; Grace Hume 2, 3, 6, 7; Marjorie Huyck 2, 3, 6, 7; Emma Innes 2, 3, 6, 7; Marjorie McCormack 4, 5, 6, 7, 8; Charlie McConnell 6; Marian McConnell 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9; Edna McCutcheon 5, 6, 8; Hilda Mallory 2, 3, 6, 7; Irene Miller 3, 6, 7; Mildred Milling 4, 5, ; Cortland Nugent 4, 5, 6, 8; Marjorie Nugent 3, 4, 7; Anna Otis 6, 8; Lorena Parks 2, 3, 6, 7; Jean Paul 4, 5, 6, 8; Kathleen Price 1, 5, 6, 8; Clifford Reid 4, 5, 6; Mildred Rikley 4, 5, 6, 8; Kathleen Robinson 2, 3, 6, 7; Marion Roblin 2, 3, 6, 7; Leone Sampson 2, 3, 6, 7; Hazel Sampson 2, 3, 6, 7; Bessie Sexsmith 1, 4, 5, 8; Ronald Sexsmith 2, 3, 7; Goldwin Smith 1, 3, 6, 7; Lulu Stevens 2, 3, 5, 6, 8; Madeline Stevens 2, 3, 6, 7; Annie Thompson 2, 3, 6, 7; Marjorie Thompson 2, 3, 6, 7; Ruth Thompson 2, 3, 7; Jessie VanAlstine 2, 3, 6, 7; Vera VanAlstyne 2, 3, 6, 7; Helen VanKirkpatrick 2, 3, 6, 7; Maude Wagar 2, 3, 6, 7; Marion Walmsley 1, 4, 5; Marguerite Way 4, 5, 6, 8; Elma Whyte 2, 3, 6, 7; Flossie Whytewore 4, 5, 6, 8; Wilbers 6, 8; Elsie Young 6, 8.

Pupils of the Napanee Collegiate Institute may obtain their certificates from the Sec. of the Board of Education, Mr. J. G. Fennell, at his office, John St. Other candidates will receive their certificates through Mr. E. J. Corkill, Public School Inspector.

NAPANEE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.

The following diplomas have been awarded to the pupils of the Commercial Department:

In Stenography and Book-keeping: Wilma Garratt (hon.), Helena Murphy (hon.), Florence Kirkpatrick, Irene Kirkpatrick, Louise Baird, Mary Mooney.

Diplomas in Stenography: Helen Hall (hon.), Mary Fox (hon.), Loretta Murphy (hon.), Minnie Ford, Rose Holmes.

Diplomas in Bookkeeping: Mildred Blackadder (hon.), Jean Francis.

The following promotions have been made from Jr. Commercial to Sr. Commercial: Yvonne Bell, Mary Dogers, Leon Clute, Irene Embury, Marguerite Kouber, Ida Brush, Mary Dudgeon.

Francis Rawlinson conditioned in History, English Literature and French.

Ruth VanAlstyne, conditioned in History, English Literature French and Rapid Calculation.

Paris Green Arsenate of Lead, Fly Oil. DAVY & ALLISON.

ANDERSON.

Progress is being made in the decoration of the church and out-of-door Sunday School was well attended on Sunday last.

Miss Helen McLaughenty has returned home after visiting her aunt, Mrs. W. Moore.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Card spent Sunday at Hawley.

Quite a number from here attended service at Gretna Sunday evening.

Misses Dorothy Merritt and Ada Griffiths spent Sunday the guests of Miss Wilma Moore.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Baird is sporting around in a rubber tired buggy.

The young people are busy practising for the re-opening of the church in the near future.

Miss Dorothy Merritt spent the past week with her friend, Miss Ada Griffith.

The well drillers have been drilling at Mr. Geo. Clancy's.

Mrs. Percy Harris visited with friends in town.

Mrs. Ackerman and Vernon attended church at Gretna Sunday evening.

Miss Rosa Baldwin spent a few days with her cousin, Miss M. Dean, Napanee.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Moore took dinner Sunday at Mrs. S. Griffiths.

Mr. A. Bowen has been busy this week extracting honey.

Mr. S. Griffiths and Miss E. Baldwin attended church at Napanee Sunday evening.

We hope to see a goodly number of the Anderson people to Quarterly Service this Sunday at Gretna.

Lovers of music! Be sure and hear the Montague Light Opera Singers at fifth night at Chautauqua.

PROSPEROUS, PROGRESSIVE NAPANEE

Napanee, with its population of 3000 and its surrounding country, five churches, four banks, three hotels, three educational institutions, Public Library, Court House, Post Office, bowling greens, its three beautiful Parks, Harvey Warner Park, fronting Dundas street, Springside Park, beside the Falls, Napanee Boating Park, its ideal railroad and water connections, its places of business, its well equipped garages, catering to the passing motorists, its beautiful homes and well kept lawns gives the tourists a wonderful idea of Napanee's prosperity. Its two places of amusement, where the public can spend a pleasant evening, yet there is a welcome for them for business. To our merchans it would look encouraging to have their windows lighted for a short while in the evening so when the evening tourists passing through our town would be able to put a glad word to others coming this way.

A marked improvement could be made by an extra light between our corners on the Principal streets to take away that dull look which has been as many Canadian and American tourists pass through it as has ours.

If we, the citizens of Napanee, appreciate the place in which we let us get together and help to improve, brighten up things and make it the leading commercial and tourist centre of Ontario.

Thanking you, dear Mr. Editor, me for your valued space, I will for your kind co-operation and conclude and hope to see on a large board at both ends of our town in big attractive letters, "Prosperous, Progressive Napanee, Ontario's Leading Tourist and Commercial Centre."

Yours truly,
A CITIZEN.

Who hopes that all feel as he does to improve our good old ever prosperous town.

Keep Cool!

Screen doors and window screens, all sizes. Refrigerators, coal oil stoves, electrical goods. WILSON'S Hardware.

N. L. MCLEOD APPOINTED GENERAL MANAGER OF STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

N. C. STEPHENS AND G. N. BROW BECOME ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGERS.

W. Francis, President of The Standard Bank of Canada, announces the appointment of N. L. McLeod to the position of General Manager of the Bank, succeeding C. H. Cronyn, Chief Executive, who had requested permission to retire. Announcement is also made that Messrs. N. C. Stephens and G. N. Brown have been appointed Assistant General Managers.

The new General Manager has been in the service of the Standard Bank for many years, during which time he has occupied several positions of importance, including that of Western Superintendent and latterly as an executive officer at the head office.

Mr. Stephens has had a long career with the Bank, having joined its staff as an Assistant Manager of Toronto Office, Manager of Foreign Exchange Department, which position he held few years as Acting Assistant General Manager.

Mr. Brown has been in the employ of the Bank for fifteen years and for the past few years has served as Superintendent of Eastern Branches.

Mr. Francis, in announcing the appointments, states that it is gratifying to the Directors to be able to find among the Bank's own officers those who have been tried in its service, who know its history and who by their previous efficiency and record have proven themselves well equipped to fill the responsible positions to which they have been appointed.

Ironing Boards — Canadian Maid, regular price $5.00, special price for Ponday and Tuesdays, $2.95. DAVY AND ALLISON.

Lennox Fair, Sept. 11th, 12th and 13th.

His Hon. the Lieut.-Governor of Ontario, Hon. H. Cockshutt, opens the Fair Sept. 11th. This is Children's Day. All the Public School children in the County and the County will meet at the Napanee Armouries at 1 p.m., where the Boy Scouts with their Bugle Band will head the procession and march to the Fair Grounds, where they will be admitted Free. Each pupil should bring a small flag and carry it in the procession.

50,000 Men Wanted to Harvest N'Western Canada's Crops.

Latest reports of the grain fields of the West indicate a record yield; 5,000 men are wanted from Eastern Canada to help harvest this crop. To meet this demand, special Harvesters' Excursions will be operated by the Canadian National Railways all over Canada.

Through solid trains will be operated to Winnipeg without change, consisting of convertible (berth) Colonist cars of the latest type. Lunch counter cars will be attached to trains serving food and refreshments at reasonable prices. For fares, train service, etc., apply to nearest Canadian Agent.

NATIONAL FINANCING UNDER MR. FIELDING

Ottawa, August, 1923—A nation's financing and business are outside of partisan political limits, subjected to the same tests as they are in individual cases in the mercantile world. Results are the heads of every commercial institutions demand. Whether the methods employed succeed or fail is what business men want to know. Shorn of party enthusiasm on the one hand and party criticism on the other, the financial showing of the Federal Government should, if the latter can justly claim any public confidence whatever, indicate that sound business methods are practised, that the money market is scrutinized with constant care, that the country can be reposed with absolute confidence. No sky rockets are sent up from the East Block at Ottawa when a loan has been successfully negotiated; no haste into print over a triumph in Wall street; no wanton boastful prophecies are boasts are uttered. But there is a silent usefulness the value of which men of all shades of political persuasion have long since learned highly to appraise. Mr. Fielding's way of doing business engenders confidence in the business world and that is the final and best test of his value as Minister of Finance.

IMPROVEMENT IN TRADE FIGURES.

Although Mr. Fielding himself would promptly disclaim any credit for the restoration of business health in Canada, some of the credit at least belongs to him because of the confidence which he has created for fiscal reform and for the financing of Canada's maturing obligations. The rapid growth of the Dominion's foreign trade is a just tribute to his foresight and enterprise in seeing to it that every possible avenue for such expansion be opened and kept open. Canada's exports for June this year show an increase of over $20,000,000 over the same month last year and about $24,000,000 over the same period in 1921, while for the twelve months ending June 30th this year, there was an increase of $220,000,000 over the corresponding period of the previous year. This splendid showing in the matter of exports is cause for optimism in that it indicates a steady restoration of a favorable trade balance for Canada with foreign countries, especially in the United States with whom we do the largest share of our total trade. For the three months ending June 30th this year, total exports increased by nearly $50,000,000 over the same period last year.

DEBT INCREASES BUT DOWN

The Dominion's public debt, although it showed a slight increase in the first quarter of the current fiscal year, is on a fair way to be reduced in the not too remote future. Such a reduction is an exceedingly difficult achievement in view of the huge liabilities left by the war, but it can and will be done if the present Minister of Finance is given a free hand. His Budget speech of May 11 last he showed that public debt increases have been in order for some years past, but that beginning with 1921 a steady diminution in the additions has ruled. In the last year of the Laurier Government the increase was $92,000,000; in 1922 it was $81,000,000; and in 1923 $49,000,000. The whole of the debt on March 31 last was chargeable to capital and refunding charges, in connection with the Canadian National Railways. With the betterment of Railway revenue already noted for the first months of the present fiscal year there is a good ground for Mr. Fielding's statement that the addition to the debt this year will be a very small one.

To fairly measure the efficient manner in which Canada's finances are being managed it is necessary to keep in mind, when discussing the public debt and taxation thereto, the very considerable relationship that now exists between the Treasury and the Canadian National Railways. That relationship, unfortunately will exist until that vast public enterprise is made self-sustaining. Once that good ground for hope that this will come in a shorter time than even some credulous people suppose.

During the operating deficits of the last year have already been converted into operating surpluses and each succeeding month indicates that the National System is steadily "making the grade."

BETTER RAILWAY FINANCING.

In providing money for the Canadian National Railways a notable innovation was instituted by Mr. Fielding. Instead of permitting one financial firm to transact all such business for the Federal Government and exacting a considerable fee therefor, the present Minister of Finance inaugurated the tender method and this has proved a remarkable success. In March of last year there was made the first issue for the Canadian National Railways. The amount was $11,000,000. The interest rate was 5 per cent. and the term 5 per cent. It should be noted that the price to the successful tenderers was 99.03 while the public got it for 99.5-8, a difference of less than 5-8 of 1 per cent, a good bargain for the National Railways and, indirectly, for the people of Canada.

BIG SAVING IN BOND ISSUES.

It is worth while to recall the difference or "spread" between what those who handled the loans paid and what they issued them to the public for in the cases of previous issues for the Government-owned railways. In July, 1921, a loan of $25,000,000 was made in New York, through Dillon, Read and Company, the price to the lenders being 96½, or a difference of 4. In September of the same year another loan of $25,000,000 through the same firm brought 92 to the lenders and the public paid 95. Both of these were poor bargains when compared with the issue arranged by Mr. Fielding in March of last year, even taking into account the different market conditions under which they were negotiated.

More remarkable still was the success of the $100,000,000 loan of May last year. The net price to the Government was 97½, and those bonds never went above par and for the most part have been around 99 and 99½. It was probably the most successful issue ever made in the outside market for Canadian financing. Then came the Victory Bond issue of last Fall. A total of $114,549,250 of 1922 Victory Bonds were converted, the cost to the Government for advertising and other expenses being about ¾ of 1 per cent.

The latest issue, this time domestic, of $22,500,000 fifteen-year 5 per cent. guaranteed bonds for the purpose of buying railway stock and other equipment for the Canadian National Railways was on similar lines to those which they were sold to the successful tenderers, a group of Toronto firms, for 97.88 and they are being issued to the public at 99. In all bond issues engineered by the present Minister of Finance the difference between the price obtained by the Government from the lender and the price at which they were sold to the public has been remarkably small, indicating the precision with which the money market is "tapped" by Mr. Fielding.

As for the methods of taxation and the manner in which the taxes are administered Mr. Fielding there is less than the usual amount of criticism from the business public. There will always be complaints of taxation, and there will always be taxes, but by his careful consideration of the nation's needs of revenue and the taxpayers' ability and willingness to pay, a minimum of friction and a maximum of good will has been attained.

TOWN COUNCIL MEETING

Council Chamber,
Napanee, Friday, Aug. 3rd.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment on Friday, Aug. 3rd.

Present—Mayor MacGregor, Reeve Hambly and Councillors Ashley, Hinman and Bowerman.

On motion the clerk was instructed to insert in the local press a notice prohibiting motorists using the paved or oiled roads in the town.

Committee of the Whole—Committee were instructed to have the roofs of the town buildings repaired.

The Finance Committee reported that the walk leading to Riverside Cemetery is about 1650 lineal feet, 1250 in Napanee and 400 in Richmond, approximate cost, $1056.00. Report adopted.

A motion was passed that the Collector of Taxes for Special 1923 taxes not later than December 1st, so that the roll may be returned by Dec. 15th.

By-law appointing J. G. Fennell Tax Collector for 1923 was put throughits various stages and finally passed.

The following accounts were referred to committees with power to act: Hydro $17.00; W. Light $4.95; Bell Telephone accounts.

Council adjourned.

The Little Corporal Mastered.

Napoleon was master of Paris and the continent, but he was not quite master of the students of Paris, who in the like other students all over the town in 1810 at the Odeon when Lemercier's "Christopher Columb" was being played, the Quartier Latin was in a state of ferment during the first two performances to show their disapproval of the fact that the unities of time and place were disregarded. Whereupon the emperor, with whom Lemercier was a favorite, announced that he would attend the third performance and by his puissant presence raising a disturbance. He carried out his intention, and all went smoothly until the thirdact, whereupon, just as Columbus stood on the deck of Columbus' ship. When the curtain rose about three-quarters of the audience donned nightcaps, shut their eyes, and fell (apparently) asleep. This comical sight set Napoleon laughing, so his wrath was disarmed.

A Syrian Weed.

When the Syrians besieged Samaria in Elisha's time, the famine was so severe, says II. Kings 6:25, that an ass' head was sold for four score pieces of silver and the fourth part of a cab of dove's dung for five pieces of silver. This "dove's dung" is a Syrian plant, spreading freely through the grass, opening its starry white flowers from eleven to four, while using the seeds. Some Greeks called it Ornithowain, meaning "bird's milk," but the Arabs "dove's dung." The bulbs are edible and therefore commanded a high price in a seige. The Revised Version of the Bible is no clearer than the Authorized, only changing the spelling to "kab." The modern name for this plant is "the Star of Bethlehem."

The DURANT Car

The Star Car

IS PROVING A WINNER

We sell them as fast as we get them.

Satisfied drivers are proving their worth every day.

SEE THEM AT OUR GARAGE.

We have on hand a few Second-Hand Cars, all in good condition, consisting of Fords, Chevrolets, and Overlands which we will sell at very low prices.

OUR BICYCLE STOCK IS THE BEST WE EVER HAD

Overlands, Crescents, and Massey-Harris, and a large number of Second-Hand Bicycles at very low prices.

NORMILE'S GARAGE

Durant Sales and Service, East Street.

Open Day and Night. Give us a call.

The Best Service

A store can give its customers is to provide the best possible **VALUES** for the prices asked.

We seek to do this, and it is our purpose to make you feel you can absolutely depend upon the **QUALITY** of your purchases here.

OUR STOCK OF CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS MERITS YOUR CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,
Napanee Ont.

J. B. WILLOUGHBY, M.D., C.M.

Corner Dundas and Robinson Streets.

Office Hours :—2 p.m. to 5 p.m., 7 p.m. to 8 p.m.
Phone 307. 32-1y

Dr. S. R. McCreary, B.Sc.
Physician and Surgeon.
X-Rays a Specialty
170A Front St. Belleville
Opposite City Hall
Phone 1200

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A TRIAL

H. W. SMITH
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.

OFFICE—Centre Street.
PHONE 61

R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C. P. S.
Physician Surgeon, Etc.

Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital
Office—North side of Dundas St., between West and Robert Sts., Napanee.

T. M. GALBRAITH
B. A., M. D., C. M.
Cor. Dundas and West Streets
Specialty—Diseases of Children.
Office hours—Until 9 a. m. 1 p. m. till 3 p. m. 7 till 9 p. m.
Telephone—279.

Hard and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53.
ROBT. LIGHT.
44tf

BUY YOUR BUTTER WRAPPERS AT THIS OFFICE

INCREASED SERVICE AT LESS COST IN THE POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

Judging from some remarkable results in the way of enlarged service to the public, coupled with decreased cost of administration of the Post Office Department during the past fiscal year, Hon. Charles Murphy, "General Fighting Charlie", Canada's Postmaster General certainly earned the three months' recuperative holiday he took last Session. Mr. Murphy started in some eighteen months ago to house-clean thoroughly the big Department of which he took charge. Economy and efficiency were made meaningful words and were applied to every branch of the Service with Mr. Murphy's characteristic energy and decision. He overworked on the job and last winter suffered a nervous breakdown. Under doctor's orders he took a long rest in the South. He returned last month and is now again actively superintending the big, smoothly working Department and pointing with justifiable pride to the results already achieved.

For the first time in the history of Canada, the Department is able to present an Annual Statement showing decreased cost of administration despite largely increased service to the public. For the fiscal year ending March 31st, last, the revenue increased by $2,707,694, while the expenditures show a reduction of $326,923. This means a net betterment, as compared with the previous twelve months, of $3,034,617. The business of the Department continued to expand and the mail matter handled was larger than ever before. By the adoption of more business-like methods and the co-ordination and economizing in the services rendered, the Postmaster General was enabled to show this remarkable betterment without withholding necessary expansion in any direction and without interfering at all with the convenience of the Public.

The increase in revenue is due, in a large measure, to the larger revenue from parcel post facilities, including the insurance and C.O.D. features, and the marked increase in Money Order business. In the month of May last, for instance, the Department sold over one million Money Orders as compared with 750,000 for May of last year.

In the economies affected were included from $500,000 per year in better organization; $400,000 per year in railway transportation of mail; and $50,000 per year through a simplified form of dealing with registered mail.

UNITED STATES POSTAL CONFERENCE

In December last the Postal Conference between the United States and Canadian authorities resulted in changes in the postal arrangements of considerable advantage to both countries. Agreements were reached facilitating the exchange of mail between Canada and the United States and providing for a more equitable division of the expense involved. As a result of the conference, Canada was saved at one stroke, $110,000 per annum, which was formerly paid for the conveyance of American mail across Canadian Territory from Buffalo to Detroit, the United States authorities agreeing to take up that payment.

A further advantage secured was in increased payments by the United States on express parcels carried to Canada aggregating about $300,000 per annum. These are some of the new sources of revenue of the Post Office Department.

Among other advantages accruing to Canada from the Conference are the increased facilities for parcel post exchange reciprocal arrangements for insurance of parcels, increased indemnity for lost registered articles, better special delivery service, improved Money Order service, more convenient arrangement for the treatment of mail matter posted without sufficient postage and a very much improved exchange of the dead letter service between the two countries.

Arrangements were also made under which parcels from Canada will be conveyed through the United States to all South American countries with some of which, such as Argentine and Brazil, it is anticipated, that considerable parcel post business may develop. This new arrangement means a saving of from three to four weeks in time, as previously, parcels for South America had to be sent to England and thence shipped back across the Atlantic to South America.

DOMINION POSTAL CONFERENCE.

In pursuance of a policy inaugurated in the month of February, 1922, weekly business conferences are held at the Post Office Department at which the heads of the several branches are present. These conferences have had results beneficial alike to the Department and the public. As an extension of that policy, a conference of Dominion postal officials was called in October, 1922. The purppose, broadly speaking, was a desire to promote co-operation between employees of the postal service of Canada, and to increase and extend the efficiency of that service. The results of the Conference amply justified the expectations of those who collaborated in arranging it. Discussions took place which have since served as the basis for the consideration of the policies of the Department, and improvements in postal arrangements have resulted and are continuing to result, which are proving of material advantage to the postal service and the public at large.

In the first half hour of this Conference an agreement was reached regarding a change in the method of dealing with registered letters, whereby for the future the records will be simplified and forms in the nature of acknowledgements of registered mails will be discarded. It is estimated that this alone will result in an annual saving of at least $50,000.

C. O. D. SERVICE

A Post Office C.O.D. service was established in October last, and is providing an additional commercial facility which business firms, particularly retailers and those in various lines of mail business, apparently appreciate. The number of C.O.D. articles mailed since October, 1922, has increased from 14,684 in that month to 39,000 in June last. The increase since Christmas has been gradual and shows that this service is becoming very popular. The total number for the eight months the service has been in operation is approximately 200,000. The C.O.D. fees and the additional postage which this business has brought in show a favorable balance for the eight months of approximately $70,000. The C.O.D. service has proved to be of particular advantage to firms who do not issue catalogues, and whose prices are not known to the buyer, and in cases where the buyer is not known to the dealer. It protects both the buyer and the seller, eliminates the carrying of small charge accounts, makes refunds and adjustments necessary, and speeds up the whole transaction.

POST OFFICE PHILATELIC STAMP AGENCY

In response to requests from philatelists of Canada covering a long period of years, Hon. Mr. Murphy established in March last an agency for the sale of current issues of all Canadian postage stamps. This is proving very popular with the stamp collectors, and, although the agency has only been in effect for a period of four months, it gives promise of proving a substantial source of revenue to the Department. Recently orders have commenced to come from foreign countries and the sales are increasing accordingly.

POST OFFICE PUBLICITY

An aggressive policy in regard to Post Office publicity was inaugurated some months ago whereby the various services were brought before the attention of the Public with a view to increased business and increased revenue. This publicity included poster advertising, advertising by leaflets distributed to householders, radio talks and postal talks by postmasters, with illustrated lectures on postal subjects of special interest to the public.

A result of this educational campaign is evidenced in better delivery of mail matter, a marked decrease in mails forwarded to the Dead Letter Offices, and an evident improvement generally in the better comprehension by the public of postal regulations so as to avoid delay and non-delivery.

The Post Office WEEKLY BULLETIN has been sent out to the employees making for a general improvement in the morale of the service and a better spirit of co-operation among all the branches.

IMPROVEMENT IN THE WORKING CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYEES

It as the practice in the past to take on relief employees in the postal service during the annual leave season. These temporary men commenced their employment in April or May, and were released after the termination of the holiday season, often at the height of the Winter. By extending the period during which annual leave is taken and by establishing reserve staffs known collectively as the Postal Pool, it has been possible to take care of the holiday relief and other emergencies peculiar to the postal service with comparatively no additional expenditure. Moreover this reserve staff constitutes a training school and makes it possible to give a better public service through retaining experienced men instead of releasing them in the Fall of each year and taking on "green" hands in the Spring. By the introduction of the Postal Pool it has been possible to give a greater degree of permanency to the positions of the men engaged on relief work than was formerly practicable, which creates a greater measure of content amongst the staff and re-acts favorably upon the public service. This arrangement has been further developed to provide avenues of promotion from all branches of the service, thereby enlarging the field of opportunities to which postal employees may aspire.

Steps have also been taken to improve conditions under which employees work. Lunch rooms have been established at the larger centres and this will be further extended at other offices where circumstances are favorable and the necessary accommodations available.

"CRIME WAVE" DIMINISHED

Two years ago thefts and abstractions from the mails were increasing to an alarming extent and reflected what was known as the "Crime Wave," which at the time was more or less universal throughout Canada and the United States. In carrying out the re-organization of the Postal Service special attention has been given to investigation work with the result that in the past two years a greater number of arrests and convictions for thefts from the mails were made than during any corresponding period and a greater percentage of the cases were satisfactorily concluded. This has resulted in a marked diminution of the so-called "Crime Wave" in so far as the postal service is concerned.

REDUCED RATE PAID TO RAILWAYS.

Of the various economies effected, perhaps the most important in postal matters is that which was made by reducing the rates paid to railways for conveyance of the mails. This was brought about through conferences between officers of the Post Office Department and the Department of Railways and Canals respectively, who were directed to make a compilation of the cost of operating the different kinds of mail services performed by the railways, with a view to fixing rates which would give fair compensation and put the baggage car mail service on a fairer basis. The Railways agreed to accept the new rates effective from the first of June, 1922, and these have resulted in a saving of $400,000 per annum to the Post Office Department, and consequently, to the tax paying public.

FOREIGN ACCOUNTS SETTLED.

A considerable number of accounts for the carriage of mails of foreign countries across Canadian territory had not been attended to, or had not been settled. Mr. Murphy has personally attended to the most of these accounts and has succeeded, with the result that the treasury of the Dominion of Canada benefited to the extent of $950,000.

IMPROVED BUSINESS METHODS

Improvements have been made in the method of conducting Post Office business, both in the operating field and in the headquarters administration. These improvements embrace a variety of subjects and cover such items as mechanical accounting in connection with money order accounts, Government owned motor truck transportation service for the collection and delivery of mail, improved registration system, improved lay-out of Post Office in connection with new buildings. Other potential improvements are being tried out. In addition, changes in organization have been effected, resulting in an aggregate saving, on this account alone, of approximately $200,000 and at the same time increasing the efficiency of the Service.

READJUSTMENT OF ACCOUNTS STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

DIRECTORS ANNOUNCE PLAN OF DRAWING ON LARGE RESERVE TO PROVIDE FOR CHANGES—DIVIDEND POLICY.

The Board of Directors of The Standard Bank of Canada, in a notice going forward to shareholders, announces a plan for readjustment of the assets of the Bank. The advisability of carrying out the plan has been suggested by the continuation of the business and agricultural depression which has so severely affected the operations and standing of some of the customers of the Bank.

In order to effectively meet the situation, the Directors recommend drawing on the large Reserves of the Bank for an amount of $1,250,000 and suggest further the creation of a contingent fund of 1,000,000. The Bank will then have a Reserve of $2,750,000, a contingent fund of $1,000,000 and a Paid-up Capital of $4,000,000.

As regards the dividend policy the Board suggests that future distributions should be on the more conservative basis of 12 per cent, in place of the present 14 per cent, and that any additional distribution should take the form of bonuses from time to time.

In banking circles this action on the part of the Bank, which places it in an absolutely sound position, is much commended and considered that it will do much to inspire confidence in our Canadian Banking System.

President Tyler's Love Affairs.

John Tyler, tenth president of the United States, was married twice, and in each case it was a marriage of affection. His first wife was Letitia Christian, daughter of Robert Carlistian, one of the best known men of Virginia. It might almost be called a boy and girl affair, and they were married and lived happily together for 30 years. The second wife of the president was Julia Gardiner. She married the president while he was still in office, and accompanied him to Richmond, where she spent the remainder of her life.

Most Americans regarding him in a superficial way think of Tyler as one of the presidents that could not get elected, but he was not, yet in the wooing of Miss Christian he gave proof that he possessed an ardent temperament, temperament of a love-stricken and romantic young man.

Folding Beds Ancient.

Four thousand years ago the Egyptians boasted folding beds. What is more surprising, 4,000 years ago the dwellers along the Nile carrished folding beds.

This significant bit of news brought to the Metropolitan Museum of Art with a folding bed purloined from a tomb of old Egypt proves that the folding bed was prized as a luxury which only the very rich who could build marvellous tombs could afford.

The same archeologist brought back a bunk used on the boats of the Nile 4,000 years ago. The bunk differs in no essential way from statesroom-berths of modern craft.—Detroit News.

Comparatively New Game.

The history of the game of rackets, the world's championship of which was recently disputed in New York, is a comparatively short one, for it only came into existence in the nineteenth century. Dickens refers to it in his "Pickwick Papers" in connection with Fleet prison, where inedvent debtors enlivened the monotony of their life by playing against a single wall. It was mostly played at the back of taverns.

The name is supposed to have been derived from the Arabic ra'hat, meaning "palm of the hand," but fives is the only near survival of that form of the game.

Worse and Worse.

"How you' feelin' now, Sam?" questioned his wife, entering the hospital ward nervously.

"Liza, I'se a sick man," moaned the patient. "De doctors says I's got berkolosis."

"Dat's all right, Sam; we'll take keer of yo' an' get rid of dat berkolosis."

The following day, however, when his wife returned Sam was more dejected than ever.

"Tain't no use, Liza; no use. I ain't never gwine git well. De doctors say dis heah mornin' I got two berkolosis."

Downfall of the Drama.

An old actor was wont to claim that he had worked with Booth and Barrett, a distinction that got him much consideration wherever the Thespians gathered. When questioned about his parts he would always answer: "I did hoof beats." And then add: "The drama has gone to pot." "Why so?" some of the younger generation would indignantly inquire. "Any one can do the honks, nowadays."

Rubber Seed for Cattle Food.

Recent experiments conducted in the Straits Settlements have clearly shown that a feeding cake for cattle and other stock, favorably comparing with linseed and other oil cake, can be produced from the residue of the Para rubber seed, after the oil is extracted, thus affording an opportunity for the development to very considerable proportions of a profitable industry in connection with the ordinary oil extraction.

Naming the Dock.

It was a beautiful little lake. The man who had purchased an estate on it said he must have a dock for his motorboat and asked if there was any timber in the neighborhood. They told him there was plenty of hickory. "Build it of that," he directed, "and I'll name it Hickory Dickory Dock."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Tanned Sponges Last Longer.

Leather is so much improved by tanning that much is expected from sponges treated by the new tanning process. The sponge material is greatly toughened and strengthened, the bacteria that are so active in causing the breakdown of the sponge being also more effectively resisted.

Phrenology.

The brain that counts is from the ear to the top of the head and the ear to the forehead. The back part of the brain only shows affection and it is not nice affection, unless the head is rather rounded out between the crown of the head and the neck at the back. The more the head juts out at the back, the more affectionate and kind will be the nature.

Many Stamps.

When a bill of exchange for 490,000,000 marks (about $25,000) recently reached the Wiesenshaven branch of the German National Bank for collection the various official stamps on it were so numerous that they covered an attached roll of paper nine meters in length, according to a German newspaper report.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of Thomas Close, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Chapter 121 of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Section 56, and amending Acts, that all persons having any claims against the estate of Thomas Close, late of the Township of Tyendinaga, in the County of Hastings, deceased, are required to deliver or send to the undersigned on or before the twenty-third day of August, A.D. 1923, full particulars of their claims, duly verified.

And further take notice, that after the said twenty-third day of August, A.D., 1923, the Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate, and shall not be liable to any person of whose claims he shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE,
Solicitors for the said Estate.
Dated this 18th day of June, 1923.
29-d

Window screens, screen doors, garden hose, sprinklers. DAVY & ALLISON.

FARMERS - ATTENTION

Just arrived another shipment of **Fine Oat Feed** at $1.15 per 100. Only 50 bags of **Root Meal** left, the last we will be able to get this season.

Some **Bran and Shorts.**

Plenty of **Sugar** but price is still high and may go higher.

S. CASEY DENISON'S
CENTRE STREET, NORTH.
'Phone 101.

Bring your can for best Separator Oil—25c. a quart at WALLACE'S.

Empire Cafe

Napanee's Leading Cafe. Opposite Campbell House

We are now operating in our new premises on Dundas street with a complete new equipment of furniture, dishes, etc., and are prepared to serve our many patrons with the best of service.

Our meals are prepared by experienced chefs and served in a dainty, tasty manner by waiters that know how to please.

Come and try our special Sunday dinner—price 50 cents.

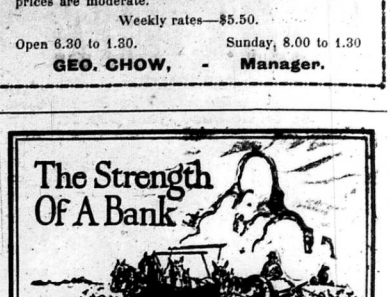
Afternoon tea for ladies our specialty.

Come to a real city cafe for Sunday dinners. Our prices are moderate.

Weekly rates—$5.50.

Open 6.30 to 1.30. Sunday, 8.00 to 1.30

GEO. CHOW, Manager.



The Strength Of A Bank

OVER one hundred and five years ago the Bank of Montreal was established with a single office and a capital of $350,000.

Today, after more than a century of conservative progress, the combined capital and reserve of the Bank amount to $54,500,000, its total assets are in excess of $650,000,000, its six hundred Branches extend to all parts of Canada, and it has its own offices in financial centres throughout the world.

The full resources of the Bank are behind every Branch

NAPANEE BRANCH,
D. B. WHITE, Manager.

BANK OF MONTREAL
Established over 100 years

Fifty Years of Commercial Banking

THE year 1923 marks the entry of the Standard Bank upon its fiftieth year of service to the Dominion.

Since its inception the policy of this Bank has been to give the maximum of banking service while constantly exercising the utmost vigilance for the safety of its patrons' interests. This policy has been adhered to through periods of prosperity and depression. As a consequence the Bank has enjoyed steady, sound and substantial growth, today having 161 branches throughout the whole Dominion. These are supplemented by affiliations with strong financial institutions in foreign countries, enabling it to render comprehensive banking service for the promotion of Canadian enterprise both at home and abroad.

The STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

Banking for Fifty Years

GET IT AT WALLACE'S

Insecticides! Use Arsenate of Lead, food for the plant, and death for the bug. Also our Paris Green, Sprayers, etc. WILSN'S Hardware.

THE PROOF OF QUALITY

FOR twenty years Ford cars have passed through every test required to prove their quality.

The present Ford car is the culmination of this quality at a price lower than ever before.

Let us explain the Thrift Plan of purchase.

Ford

WILMOT & CHAPMAN
FORD DEALERS,
Napanee, Ontario.

FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED
FORD, ONTARIO 2228

Here and There

The total elevator capacity of Port Arthur and Fort William will reach 65,000,000 bushels by September of this year. By the end of 1924 the elevator capacity is expected to reach seventy millions.

Immigration returns of the Canadian Government for the first five months of the present year show a one hundred per cent. increase in immigration from the British Isles over the figures for the same period of last year.

The 1923 apple crop of the Okanagan Valley will amount to 4,620 cars according to the estimate of W. T. Hunter, district horticulturist. This is an increase of 20 per cent over last year and a record crop for the district. The apple crop for Kootenay and boundary districts will approximate 880,000 boxes.

A new high record of production was established by Canadian newsprint mills during May with 110,252 tons, an increase of nearly 10,000 tons over the month of April and 15,750 over May of last year. The daily production in May was 4,084 tons, the highest in the history of the Canadian industry.

Following the opening of the Banff-Windermere Motor Highway, Lieutenant Governor Nichol of British Columbia and Randolph Bruce were honored by the Kootenay Indian who made them an honorary chief and full cheiftain of their tribe respectively. The Indian celebrations were held at Invermere in the beautiful Windermere Valley.

Several new air stations are to be opened in Ontario and Quebec in the near future for the purpose of extending the forest area to be patrolled by airplanes. A base is to be established at Ramsay Lake near Sudbury, and from this point all Ontario work will radiate; operations being carried on at Orient Bay, Remi Lake and at least two other substations not yet announced.

If the Canadian pre-war exports of flour are considered as 100, the Dominion's average export total between 1921 and 1923 can be considered as 207. Comparatively, pre-war exports of the United States being rated at 100, its present export is at the rate of 147. This indicates that Canada has more than doubled her export trade in flour while the United States has increased its trade by 47 per cent. Before the war Canada exported 3,852,000 barrels, while at present her experts average 7,885,000 barrels a year.—"Journal of Commerce."

Mr. Georges Delrue, one of the most important personages of France arrived in Montreal by the S.S. "Minnedosa" to take up residence at St. Johns, Que. Georges is two and a half years old and has spent most of his life with his grandparents in Tourcoin, a small town on the border line of Belgium and France. The journey from the old homestead, via Antwerp, Georges made alone but never out of sight of the watchful eyes of the officials and servants of the company.

Major General Lord Lovett, a passenger on the Canadian Pacific liner "Montclare," and official of the British Empire Forestry Conference, Ottawa, said in connection with his investigations into Canadian forestry methods and applied science, "England has but a small forest area in comparison to Canada, nevertheless, her forests were depleted two-thirds to meet the emergencies of the War, and now we are determined to recover this loss by practical reforestation. We have been working at this for the last three years and expect to make a completion of our work in another year."

Save ⅓ to ½ Your Corn

You lose from ⅓ to ½ the food value of your corn by feeding it to your cattle as dry fodder.
Corn stored in a TORONTO Wooden Stave Silo will give you 100% of the value. Good ensilage will improve the health of your cattle and will increase the quality and quantity of your milk returns. Good silage must be made in an air-tight silo.
The TORONTO Silo is made of selected spruce, double tongued and grooved to exclude the air, and specially treated with creosote to last a lifetime. 15% extra capacity with the TORONTO Hip Roof.
Let me show you how to save on forage, and increase the health and value of your herd. Information and full particulars gladly given.

Switzer & Spencer, Napanee

TORONTO

Willard Storage Batteries
For all Cars
USED ON THE BEST MAKES

Ford Batteries, $20 and up

Graham's = Garage
Willard Service Station
DUNDAS ST., E. - 'PHONE 218.

GET IT AT WALLACE'S

LIFE AND LOOKS.

Much Truth in Adage, "My Face Is My Fortune."

In the old nursery rhyme the milkmaid announces that her face is her fortune. So far, so good. Facial beauty, however, is not permanent, a writer in London Answers reminds its readers.

Sometimes its life is extremely short. Apart from the toll that father time takes, it has many other enemies. Late hours, neglect, bad temper, overeating, overworking and worry are perhaps the most deadly of beauty destroyers. These, however, can be tackled and rendered harmless. Late hours can be cut out.

It is quite right that we should enjoy life, but not at the cost of ruined health and lost beauty. And as it is very true that beauty is but skin deep, we must not neglect that fragile covering. It is from air, exercise, soft water, a good soap and the like, that keep the skin soft and supple, and with the bloom on it.

Bad temper soon makes a naturally pretty face unnaturally ugly. If we would not lose our beauty we must not, however great the provocation, lose our temper. Overeating, of course, makes a face puff, and the delicate contours are lost in fat. Overworking, quite apart from the fact that in the end it leads to underworking, and that therefore nothing is gained, puts its imprint on the face.

Worry brings the same lines. You may have trials and troubles, but it is far better to lose them and overcome them, or, if it must be so—accept them in the same sense that one has to accept a rainy day, than to worry over them. Worry is absolute waste of mental energy. It alters nothing, relieves nothing, helps nothing. But it destroys beauty.

There is something else which has a great effect on good looks. Absent, it takes nearly all the beauty from a face. Present, it doubles, trebles, quadruples ordinary prettiness, and will make an ordinary face—yes, even the plainest of faces—attractive. The "something else" is expression.

If Providence has endowed you beautiful you can, of your own will, substitute expression, and let that be your "fortune."

We wonder sometimes why men make such queer matrimonial choices. Pretty Doris is passed over, and preference given to plain Dora. Yes, but Dora has a pleasant expression, and Doris has not. What Dora really is is expressed in her face, and that face is attractive to her. Take her features one by one, and each is imperfect. But that nice, pleasant expression transforms everything. It reveals a beautiful character.

Doris, as the years roll on, will lose her beauty. Dora will gain beauty through her expression. It will mold her face to attractive lines. What is the gain in possessing facial beauty if we ruin it with, say, a discontented expression? What is the use of beauty with no expression?

The moral is surely obvious. If you are plain of face, put a pleasant expression on it, and the plainness is not so noticeable. If you have beauty don't destroy it, but add to it by a beautiful expression. All vices and all virtues invariably find their expression in our faces, so the moral is obvious: Watch your character. It makes or mars your looks.

Tar For Cement Protection.

Investigations have been made on the use of gas tar—the purpose of impregnating cement to protect it against various influences. The liquid gas tar that is used for this purpose is obtained as a by-product in the manufacture of gas, and is very cheap. Both cement and mortar absorb the material very readily. The cement that is treated with this product can be stored for six months in a strongly alkaline solution without any bad effects, while untreated cement was badly injured by this treatment. The impregnated samples did not exhibit any loss in strength of durability.

World's Greatest Crater.

The largest volcanic crater in the world has been discovered, it is reported, by two Swedish scientists. It took them nine days, during three horses and sledges to cross the great sea of ice of the Watnajokel from west to east in order to reach Hodur on the fjord of Hornar. Upon the Hogjokel they found a tremendous volcanic crater containing hot water and ice that is eight kilometers long and five kilometers wide. It was surrounded by a number of hot springs. The discoverers named it the Sven crater.

Fifteen Decisive Battles.

The fifteen decisive battles according to Creasy, are Marathon, 490 B.C.; Syracuse, 415 B.C.; Arbela, 331 B.C.; Metaurus, 207 BC.; Teutoburg, 9 A.D.; Chalons, 451; Tours, 732; Hastings, 1066; Orleans, 1429; defeat of the Spanish Armada, 1588; Blenheim, 1704; Pultowa, 1709; Saratoga, 1777; Valmy, 1792; Waterloo, 1815.

When the Waiter Scored.

"Do you call that a veal cutlet?" he demanded of the waiter. "Why, such a cutlet as that is an insult to every self-respecting calf in the country."

The waiter hung his head for a moment, but recovered himself and said, in a tone of respectful apology, "I really didn't intend to insult you, sir."

Mexican Mines.

The department of mines reports the production of silver in Mexico in 1922 as 2,521,852 kilos; this is an increase over 1921 of 516,289 kilos, or 25 per cent. The gold output is given as 23,276 kilos, an increase over the previous year of 2,091 kilos, or 9.4 per cent.

Whitest Inert Pigment.

What is pronounced the whitest inert pigment known is a refined natural mineral product containing calcium carbonate and magnesium carbonate and silicate. The material is found valuable, being used in connection with mixed and paste paint and enamel in high grade painting.

New Typewriters.

Easy separation into three standard units is the feature of a new typewriting machine. Either the carriage, the frame or the type action may be simply removed without the use of tools, and interchanged with similar units of any other machine of the same make; or, of course, new units may be substituted.

1894 1894
THESE ARE THE ONLY Tools YOU NEED

DUNLOP DUNLOP

TO-DAY TO-DAY
THESE ARE THE ONLY Tires YOU NEED

Romance of Captain Cook

An English Farmer's Son Became Famous Explorer

Recently some unpublished journals of Capt. James Cook, the explorer, were sold by auction at Sotheby's, and this event serves to remind the present generation of the really great Englishman the story of whose achievements can scarcely be rivalled in the long annals of exploration.

James Cook, the son of an agricultural laborer, was born at the Yorkshire village of Marton on October 27th, 1728. The cottage in which he was ushered into the world has long since disappeared, but the field in which it stood is still known as "Cook's Garth," and a monument to his memory may be found in the parish church.

His early education would appear to have been of the simplest. While still a child he was set to work on a farm of a certain William Walker, a wealthy yeoman of the district, whose wife taught him to read.

At the age of eight he was removed with his family to the village of Great Ayton, where for five years he studied in a day school. He then became apprenticed to a shopkeeper at Staithes, near Whitby.

But even in those early days he seems to have heard the call of the sea. As a boy's rule, his master awoke somewhat later than the rest one morning in the July of 1742 to find that the young apprentice had flown. Rumor says that he replied to the riff of a shilling, but the story lacks corroboration.

Finding his way to Whitby, Cook secured a position as a ship's boy on board the Freelove, a craft of 450 tons employed in the coal trade and owned by two Quaker brothers.

He appears to have been a ready learner. As Sir Walter Besant has written: "the rope's end was seldom required to start him, and the mate, though a choleric person, found it unnecessary to cuff the boy unless he was actually within reach."

After cruising for some years he joined the navy in 1755 as an A.B., four years later becoming master of the Mercury. His great ability soon recommended him to the Admiralty for promotion, and in 1763 he was appointed surveyor of the Newfoundland and Labrador coasts.

For this work, of course, he was engaged upon this work, in the course of which he explored a great portion of Newfoundland and drew a number of charts which are still in use.

In 1768 he was given command of the Endeavour, which was fitted out for a cruise in the Pacific with the object of observing the transit of Venus. The observation took place from Tahiti on June 3rd, 1769.

It was on the returning voyage that New Zealand was circumnavigated, Australia also being visited, a portion of the east coast receiving the name of New South Wales. After a voyage of close up on three years the ship returned on June 2nd, 1771.

The following year Cook was given command of an expedition "to complete the discovery of the Southern Hemisphere." His ship, the Resolution, accompanied by the Adventure, left Portsmouth South on July 13th, 1772.

It was the best-equipped expedition that had at that date ever quitted the shores of England. Cook's services to sanitation deserve special mention. On the previous voyage his crew had suffered terribly from scurvy, and Cook set himself to grapple with this disease. His precautions have been concisely summarized by Sir Walter Besant:—

"He put on board wheat instead of oatmeal, sugar instead of so much oil, and a quantity of malt, sauerkraut, salted cabbage, potable broth, sal-ep, rob of lemons, mustard, marmalade of carrots, and inspissated juice of wort. Some of these things were experimental, and failed to produce any good effect. Others were well known for their antiscorbutic properties. In fact, for the first time in the history of navigation a carefully-prepared attempt was to be made in the prevention of this disease."

During the voyage Cook, after crossing in the then unknown Antarctic waters, explored the New Hebrides and discovered New Caledonia. On the morning of Sunday, July 30th, 1775, the two ships arrived safely at Spithead.

Early in the following year Cook's services were recognized by his election as a Fellow of the Royal Society. He was not, however, to enjoy a period of rest for long. He had now been at sea for thirty-four years and might reasonably have contemplated the prospect of retiring, but on May 29th, 1776—less than a year after the return of the Resolution—he set out in the same vessel on his third, and last, voyage. The object was to explore the North Pacific.

On March 7th, 1778, the Sandwich Islands were discovered, and after a cruise further north a return visit was paid to the islands in the following January.

There appears to have been some trouble about a stolen cutter says a writer in "John o' London's Weekly," and the natives, who had begun by welcoming the visitors, suddenly became hostile.

On the morning of Sunday, February 14th, 1779, Cook went ashore to enter a formal protest to the king, Kalaniopuu, and on his way back to the boats he was murdered by one of the islanders.

The Salmon's Scales.

A single scale from a salmon will tell you its owner's age. When viewed through a microscope, the scale will reveal tiny lines which have developed at the rate of sixteen a year. Lines crowded close prove that the salmon has been living well. Lines widely spaced indicate a scant diet.

How'd Adam Dance?

How did Adam and Eve dance—if they did? Artists redecorating Queen's Hall, London, Eng., with a series of pictures illustrating evolution of the waltz want to know. To find out they've written to countries inhabited by primitive peoples.

Lighthouse Keepers.

Two women in British Columbia operate a lighthouse without masculine help. They are stationed on Discovery Island, in Canadian waters, about ten miles out of Victoria, B.C.

ABOUT RHUBARB.

People Have Eaten It For Less Than a Hundred Years.

Although the medicinal value of rhubarb was extensively used as far back as the 16th century, it is less than a hundred years since this fruit has been used to any considerable extent in England or Western Europe. In fact, it is only within recent years that France, Germany, Sweden, Switzerland, and Italy have begun to eat rhubarb. Twenty years ago they grew it as an ornamental border, among clumps of blossoms in a flower garden, instead of for the table.

Here in Canada it has been an article of diet for the better part of a century as our English parentage taught us its value.

The common garden rhubarb was first grown in England at Camberwell on the recreation ground called Myatt's Park, just south of Camberwell New Road. There a market gardener named Myatt, who held "Myatt's Farm" and "Myatt's Fields" from 1818 to 1849, first grew rhubarb with the intention of producing the medicinal Turkey rhubarb.

Myatt found that his plants were useless for this purpose, so he introduced them at Covent Garden, and very soon there was a big demand for the table rhubarb which is so popular to-day. Myatt was very well known, and his name was given to the park which the Minet family presented to the London County Council.

Many a housewife is tempted to cook rhubarb leaves as a vegetable or to mix them with cabbage or put them in a stew. The danger is all the greater, as sometimes no untoward result occurs. Scientists have not yet discovered whether this is due to an unusually small proportion of poison being in the particular leaves in question, in a personal immunity (such as some persons display when stung by insects), or some counter-substance eaten during the meal, which nullifies the toxic action.

Emphatically, however, the leaves are poisonous, and should never be cooked or eaten. No harm, of course, ever comes from the pink stalks, which are eaten as fruit. Care should be taken all the same to cut off the stalk well below the top, where it begins to grow green.

Rhubarb, as is generally well known, is an excellent purifier of the blood. And there are so many ways in which this first of spring cain be used that "stewed" and "pies" are surely a reflection on the prowess of the cook or those responsible for catering. Many people complain of its "acidity," declaring that it needs enormous quantities of sugar to make it palatable, but this can be obviated by treating it in the following way: Cut it up in the usual way, and place in a stewpan without any sugar, bring to the boil, and at once pour away the first water, then allow to become quite cold, and afterwards cook as usual.

The Crow.

Through the ages centuries since the white man came the black crow of America has waited vainly for some poet who will sing the praise. Perhaps some day he can find the willing one.

Corvus cannot sing for himself, although his conceit of everything but voice probably passes that of all the other fowls of the air. "Black as a crow" has become a proverb of comparison. If we venture to say that the crow is not black, we probably will be nominated for membership in the club of which the most prominent deceased member is Ananias. However, we will venture it. The crow is not black. His plumage is iridescent, and it gives with the tints of bronze and blue and purple. Light is needed to bring out brightness in all things, and our American crow is not to be held responsible because the first man who saw him and called him black happened to meet him on a dark day.

The scientists have been unable to determine whether the crow is worth while. He eats lots of corn, but so also kills lots of cut-worms. Generally speaking, the opinion of the ornithologists is that the crow does about as much good as he does harm, and as he adds much to the interest of the fields and woods, he should be allowed to make his own way through life.

Probably Mother Nature knew what she was doing when she made the crow. She has no need of man's aid in her corrective tasks. When she finds the crow has multiplied to an extent that makes him a menace, disease strikes the flocks and the scale of life and death is readjusted.

Origin of Mono.

The centenary of the settlement of the township of Mono, Ont., is being celebrated this year, and people are naturally interested in the origin of the name.

The first settlers were all Irish, Scottish or English, so that the name has not come from Munster, whose ancient name was Mono (Brewer) Nia (three syllables). No. 1 of Tom Moore's Irish Melodies sings:

Remember the glories of Brien the brave,
Though the days of the hero are o'er;
Though lost to Mononia and cold in the grave,
He returns to Kinkora (his palace) no more!

Beware of Too Much Sugar.

Sugar is a salt. Every salt is desiccating. Sugar is the most desiccating of all salts, it sucks up the liquids from the blood through the veins; thence comes the congulation, then the solidification of the blood; thence the tubercles in the lungs; thence death. And this is why diabetes border on consumption.—Tholomyes in Victor Hugo's "Les Miserables."

Battle for Fruit of Durian Tree.

Desperate fights over the ownership of durian trees are of yearly occurrence in the Malay peninsula. Sometimes, when a tree has been found near a borderline, entire villages have been wiped out in the struggle to possess it.

It is impossible to compare the fruit of the durian tree with its extraordinary and repulsive flavor, to any other. The fruit is creamlike in substance. If the meat of a banana were squashed and mixed with an equal quantity of rich cream, a small quantity of chocolate and enough garlic to lend a strong taste to the whole, the result would be about the nearest possible approach to the flavor and consistency of the durian. At the same time, the flavor is extremely delicate and, of course, indescribably rich.

The Super-Salesman

—Long Distance

"In one afternoon we sold $750,000 worth of bonds by Long Distance telephone" — says a banker.

The telephone has made success democratic. It is the creative force that enables business to rise superior to circumstances and competition, by creating opportunities.

Fearless methods of attacking the problem of sales are bringing proportionate results in other businesses, at minimum costs.

We will gladly compile a report on how the telephone is being successfully used in your business to increase sales.

Every Bell Telephone is a Long Distance Station

A DRAMATIC JOURNEY.

Brock's Trip to Amherstburg in Year 1812.

Brock's journey to Amherstburg had elements of the picturesque that seem to await elaboration by writer or painted. It was one of the striking and heroic episodes of the early months of the war of 1812. Followed as it was by his death in battle at Queenston a few weeks later, it is a journey which has not been fully appreciated from the dramatic standpoint. Brock had met Parliament, and taken the necessary steps in legislation to meet the impending war with the new Republic to the south, and as Amherstburg was threatened by the boastful Gen. Hull he set out from York for Long Point on the Lake of Erie which Col. Talbot and other officers had been assembling, in spite of reluctance on the part of some of the militia to march. The militia were still with the country they had left.

With a fleet of small craft, bateaux, and boats of every kind given him by the settlers, Brock started out from Long Point with 40 regulars and 260 militia for Fort Amherstburg, 200 miles distant. On his journey he made camp at night at the points about to be marked by the Canadian National Parks Board. The news of the fall of Mackinaw and the official declaration of war had only reached Brock as Parisa-hooked.

"Our bateaux trip from Long Point was full of peril and hardship," writes Walter H. Murray in his readable book. "The story of Isaac Brock." The lake shore in places was extremely rugged. Precipitous cliffs of clay sun-baked and more than 200 feet from the boulder-strewn coast. Scarcely a creek offered shelter. The weather was unusually stormy. A heavy surf beat on the shore. Flocks of waterfowl were driven before the wind. The men were drenched by torrents of rain. Though only 20 miles in 24 hours was considered the maximum distance for rowing a boat, nothing could retard this strange armada or dampen the confidence of the men in their resolute leader, who, in an open boat, led the way. In this boat, which was headed by Captain Brock and his two aides. A lighted flambeau at the bow acted as a beacon during the night. After five days of vigilance and galley-slave work, the toilers reached Amherstburg. Without the help of these hardy and resourceful men of the Canadian militia this trip could not have been accomplished.

"The conduct of these bold frontiersmen aroused Brock's admiration. His own example had again acted as an inspiration. Shortly after leaving Port Talbot his bateau, pounding in the sea, ran upon a reef that extending far from shore, and, despite oars and pikepoles, remained fast. In the height of the confusion Master Isaac sprang overboard, and a moment later voyageur and rank recruit, waist-deep in water, following the example of the captain, Commodore lifted the bateau over the dangerous ledge."

When Tecumseh, the Indian chief, met Brock at Amherstburg, he said to his fellow-redmen at once: "This is a man." Detroit soon fell under the British attack, Brock pressed by boat to the Niagara River, where he was acclaimed by the population at Queenston, and a few weeks later fell in repelling the invasion there.

Long-Distance Wood-Fuel River Trip.

One of the few long-distance wood-fuel river trips remaining in the western hemisphere is the journey from Fort McMurray, Alberta, to the delta of the Mackenzie river. The distance to and fro is 2,000 miles. Men spend the winter in the forest on the edge of the great stream to cut this wood and pile it on the bank. The serviceable timber is spruce. The black poplar (also called balm of Gilead and cottonwood) is plentiful, and it bulks as large, but it lacks the pith and stamina to make good fires. The little dry logs burn fast; logs cut with the sap in them and exuding the stickiest of gum last longer.

An old man who works alone, with a sled which he hauls himself instead of using dogs, has reared many a perishable monument to himself at a cost of $4 a cord to the company employing him. He saws at right angles; he piles at high angles; he builds a square bastion at each end of the pile. His work is the admiration of the river men.

Wilson's Hardware Store

Let us help you Keep Cool.

Coal Oil Stoves
Refrigerators
Screen Doors
Window Screens
Electric Irons
Electric Toasters

Summer Comforts are Necessities

D. B. WILSON
'Phone 135.

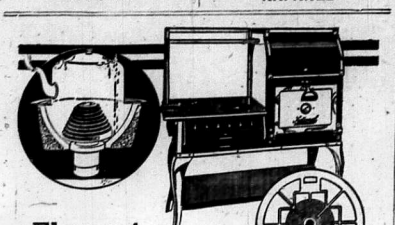
Spring Boots.
Try us for your spring coarse Boots. We stock the Peterboro Brand. We have some odd sizes going cheap. Don't forget to bring your repairs.
SEYMOUR BROS.,
Near Post Office.

Paint Up!
Insure your buildings against decay and improve their appearance. 100 per cent. Martin-Senour, 100 per cent. pure paints and varnishes. Also genuine white lead, pure boiled oil, turpentine, glass, putty always in stock. Consult us before buying. WILSON'S Hardware.

LIGHTNING MAY STRIKE YOUR BARN

Make sure that your barns and crops, as well as your house, are amply covered by insurance. Consult

HARSHAW & SON
Insurance AGents
NAPANEE



Element protected

—by grid or nested lids

This is the only electric range having the glowing element protected against contact with utensils.

The element lasts longer.

Nested lids permit the use of small utensils without wasting heat.

A complete set is supplied with every range.

The new National Electric burner is a complete change from all former types, and establishes a new standard of efficiency. The conical element in the insulated porcelain bowl *concentrates* the heat, making the National the fastest and, consequently, the most economical electric range.

National Electric dealers are now demonstrating this wonderful Electric Range that concentrates the heat. Do not fail to see it.

SOME RESULTS FROM THE NEW ELEMENT
—Boils a quart of water in less time than any other type of equal current.
—Even heat.
—Core element can be removed in half a minute.
—Food boiling over doesn't touch element.
—Bowl and element protected.
—For quickest, cutest, most economical 4:00 meal or refreshment service you must have the National Electric Range.

National ELECTRICAL RANGE

FOR SALE AT
VINE'S ELECTRIC SHOP
MARKET SQUARE 'Phone 367 NAPANEE, ONT.

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(Six Stores)

Keep your eyes on this space from week to week.

We are Making Preparations for

THE BIGGEST SALE

in the History of the Store.

McINTOSH BROS., NAPANEE BRANCH.

GRACE METH. CHURCH

A. J. TERRILL, B.A., B.D., Pastor.

The pastor will conduct both services.

Rev. Benjamin Greatrix will conduct Public Worship at 10.30 and 7 and prayer service on Wednesday evening at 7.45.

9 a.m.—Class meeting.
9.45 a.m.—Young people's class
11.45—Sunday School and Adult Classes.
Grand excursion to Presqu'Isle and 12 o'clock Point, Thursday, 8 a.m.

Cheese Board Sales.
Picton, 1,040 at 19 7-8c.
Napanee, 970, at 19¾c.
Perth, 1,228 at 19¾c.
Iroquois, 900 at 19¼c.

New High Test Gas.
In order to introduce Marathon High Test Gas to the public, we intend selling it for a time at the same price as low test gas. We invite you to give it a trial.
WISEMAN'S GARAGE,
32-d Napanee.

Dance.
In the Parish Hall, Adolphustown, given by Adolphustown Girls Baseball Team, Wednesday Aug. 8th, at 8.30 p.m. Admission $1.00; extra lady 50c. Trinity Trio Orchestra (Glen Island). Refreshments, cake and lemonade.

The Market Grocery.
The best goods we can buy are handled by this store. Teas and Coffee of the highest grades. We offer a prize of five lbs. our best tea for the best specimen Tuberour Begonia, purchased from us, and shown at the County Fair.
THOMPSON BROS.

The Kawartha Lakes.
The Kawartha Lakes—600 feet above the level of Lake Ontario and within 125 miles of Toronto are among the most popular of Ontario's playgrounds. The Indian name of the district means "Bright Waters and Happy Lands." Here the vacationist will find unlimited opportunities for sailing, canoeing, motor-boating, bathing and fishing, together with excellent hotel accommodation. The very air perfumed with pine and balsam is a tonic. The larger lakes of the district provide fine bass, maskinonge and salmon trout fishing, while the smaller lakes abound with speckled trout. Descriptive booklet with map of the district may be obtained free from any agent Canadian Northern Railways.

See the solid leather Work Boots for men, Brown or Black, at WILSON'S SHOE STORE.

Exide BATTERIES

Honest repairing will save many a battery from the scrap heap. Bring your battery here. If it is showing signs of weakening.

E. F. SMITH,
AGENT
John Street, Napanee.

ASSURANCE

THOSE who employ us have the assurance that they will receive the highest degree of service and satisfaction. We are equipped to handle a commission in a thorough manner. Our services are dependable and polite.

MASTERS & TIERNEY UNDERTAKERS
FULL MOTOR EQUIPMENT
PAPERHANGERS, WINDOW SHADES
HOUSE FURNISHERS

White Canvas Oxfords for Ladies with rubber soles and heels. Ask for Fleet Foot at WILSON'S SHOE STORE.

Protect Your Bushes and Plants

SPRAYS AND SPRAYERS

Black Leaf 40c.
Spray Tabs 35c.
a package.

will destroy all plant lice and bugs.

GEO. E. WINTER,
SEEDS
Dundas St. Phone 78.

Fishing Tackle.
Poles, lines, reels, hooks, baits in great variety. DAVY & ALLISON.

Spend A Little Save A Lot

Its surprising what DRY CLEANING can do in putting smartness and longer wear into a man's clothes.

Bring in your Suits and have them Cleaned and put in shape.

JAMES WALTERS,
MERCHANT TAILOR.
NAPANEE

ST ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D., pastor.

Sunday, 10.30—Morning Worship.
11.45—Sunday school and bible classes.
Sunday, 7.00 p. m.—Evening Worship.
Thursday, 7.30 p.m.—Midweek service.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH
Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church:
Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.
10.30—Morning Prayer.
11.45—Sunday School.
7.00—Evensong.
The morning service will be conducted by Mr. F. W. Douglas.

Committed for Trial.
Frank and John Palmateer, of the Township of Kennebec, who were agraigned before Magistrate Ruttan, Napanee, on Monday of last week, on charges of maiming and injuring horses at Godfrey, were committeed for trial. The trial will take place at Kingston. The horses were the property of Sylvester Clarke, Godfrey, and it is alleged the accused cut their tails and manes and destroyed harness by cutting it up. T. J. Rigney, K. C., Kingston, prosecuted, and W. G. Wilson, Napanee, defended the accused.

A "Want Adv." in The Napanee Express will bring results. Try it.

Barn and House Destroyed.
Mr. Menzo Grooms, who lives on the Slash road in Richmond, had the misfortune to lose his house and barn by fire on Sunday morning. Mr. Grooms was out milking when he discovered the fire, which originated in the barn. From the barn the fire spread to the dwelling and in a short time nothing remained of the barn or house but the foundations and some smoking ashes. The fire burned so rapidly that it was impossible to save anything from the barn and but a small quantity of household goods from the house. A large quantity of hay was stored in the barn, and though Mr. Grooms carries some insurance the loss will be large. Willing hands were quickly on hand to render all possible assistance, but the heat of the fire prevented the workers from getting near enough to either building to save anything.

Obituary.
There passed away at Mt. Pleasant, Richmond Township, on Friday morning, Mabel Mary Vanalstine, wife of Mr. Frank Hudson. Deceased had been in poor health for the past eleven years, but it was only about ten days ago that her condition became serious and despite every care and attention by her family and immediate relatives, God called her to Himself. She bore her long illness and suffering with a patience and fortitude which was peculiarly in keeping with her amiable and loving disposition. In the neighborhood in which she resided she was much beloved by her neighbors and friends and deep sorrow was expressed in her death in the prime of her womanhood. The funeral took place at ten o'clock Sunday morning from her late home, Rev. T. H. P. Anderson conducting the service, and the remains were afterwards placed in Riverview cemetery. A sorrowing husband and one son, Walter, are left to mourn, also her mother, Mrs. N. Vanalstine, Napanee; four sisters, Mrs. M. P. Husband, Empey Hill; Mrs. A. H. Joyce, Toronto; Mrs. J. Coulter, Watertown; Mrs. W. A. Boyce, Syracuse; and three brothers, Harry H. and Fred J., of Napanee, and Ezra, of Brockville. To her sorrowing family and relatives deep sympathy is extended by a host of friends and acquaintances.

Coal Oil Stoves!
New Perfection and Wickless Stoves, the latest improved lines in stock. WILSON'S Hardware.

Gas From Food Presses on Heart

If food does not digest it turns into poisons which form gas. This often presses on heart and other organs causing a nervous, restless feeling. Simple buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adlerika, removes foul, decaying food matter you never thought was in your system, which caused gas and pressure on heart. Adlerika expels poisons and gas from BOTH upper and lower bowel. EXCELLENT to guard against appendicitis. Wallace's Drug Store, Limited.

At H. W. Kelly's you can get all kinds of plants for bedding, also we take orders for funeral wreaths. 23-tf

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

UNITED CHURCH SERVICES.

Trinity Methodist and St. Andrew's Presbyterian, in Trinity Church.
Rev. Tanton officiating minister.
10.30—Morning Service.
11.45 a.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7.00 p.m.—Evening Service.

TO OPEN NAPANEE FAIR.

Col. Cokshutt, Lieut. Governor of Ontario, will open the Napanee Fair, on Tuesday, September 11th.

Hay Forke Rope.
Best Plymouth pure Manilla Hay Forke Rope; also chains, slings, hay forks; also Plymouth Binder Twine, superior quality. WILSON'S Hardware.

Lawn Social at Hay Bay.
A lawn social will be held at Hay Bay Methodist church, on Tuesday evening, August 14th. The Napanee Citizen's Band will furnish the music. Refreshment booths and fish ponds. Cake and ice cream will be served. Admission 25c., children 15c. Come and enjoy a pleasant evening.

Field Crop Competition.
Judging of Oat Field Crop competition in connection with the Lennox Fair, took place last week and resulted as follows:
1. Menzo Grooms 97 points.
2. Fred H. Henderson 94 points.
3. W. G. Schell 93 points.
4. Mark Hawley 92 points.
5. Jas. E. Ebbertson 85 points.
6. Roekwell Parks 83 points.
7. Cecil Luther.

All prize winners must exhibit a sheaf of oats at the County Fair where prizes will be awarded for the best sheaf. Any prize winner failing to exhibit a sheaf will forfeit their Oat Field Crop prize.

WONDERLAND

NAPANEE'S FAVORITE PLACE OF AMUSEMENT

For entertainment of the better sort.

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY
Special! Special! Special! Freckles Barry in his latest and best feature, "LITTLE HEROES OF THE STREET." Something new, something different, in 7 big reels.
And a special comedy.
Admission 10 and 20 cents.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY
Off on a glorious love adventure to rescue a sweet American girl's heart and fortune for a scheming foreign Prince. Won't you come along and see James Kirkwood in "THE MAN FROM HOME."
Also a special 2-reel Comedy.
And a 2-reel Western drama.

MONDAY and TUESDAY
Richard Barthelmess presents a wonderful picture, "SONNY The drama for every mother's son and for every son's mother. Though love be blind, the heart of a blind mother is always seen.
Also a Chester Conklin comedy.

Black's Orchestra Wednesday Nights.
The Home of High Class Pictures and Road Shows.

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Studio: John Street.
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FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS
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Dundas St., Napanee
Office Telephone No. 74.
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We succeed Ming & Hamby, who will assist us for a time.
F. C. MARTIN & SON.
24-6m

Chautauqua Saturday Night (Aug. 4th).
Lecture, by Frank Preston Johnson, will be particularly interesting to all interested in agriculture. Mr. Johnson has been studying the Farm Problem for a life-time, and knows what he is talking about.

Final Baseball Game
Lennox and Addington group.

Yarker vs. Napanee
Winner of Addington group. Winners of Lennox group.

Napanee Driving Park
Friday, August 10, - 4 p.m.

The Mayor has requested all the places of business to close at 3.45 so that everyone may have the opportunity of witnessing the game.

Everybody turn out
Give the Boys a Boost

Admission, 25c. Children, 15c.

WHEN ROSES BLOOM

And velvet lawns and cool foliage surround those in their final sleep, let us erect to the memory of your dear departed, a monument in granite, that will stand forever. We have always a large number of designs to choose from at very low prices.

WM. HOWITT, - NAPANEE

50,000 Harvesters Wanted

"Fare Going"—$15 to WINNIPEG. ½ cent per mile Winnipeg to destination.
"Fare Returning"—$20 from WINNIPEG. ½ cent per mile starting point to Winnipeg.

GOING DATES	TERRITORY
AUGUST 13 and AUGUST 22.	From Stations in Ontario, Smith's Falls to and including Toronto on Lake Ontario Shore Line and Havelock-Peterboro Line. From all Stations Kingston to Renfrew Junction, inclusive. From all Stations on Toronto-Sudbury diesion line. From all Stations Dranoel to Port McNeoll and Barkerton, to Beheargreen, inclusive.
AUGUST 15 and AUGUST 24.	From all Stations South and West of Toronto to and including Hamilton and Windsor, Ont. From all Stations Owen Sound, Waterton Orangeville, Teeswater, Elora, Listowel, Goderich, St. Mary's, Port Burwell, and St. Thomas Branches. From all Stations Toronto and North to Bolton, inclusive.

SPECIAL TRAINS FROM TORONTO
LUNCH COUNTER CARS.—Food and Refreshments at reasonable prices.
Full particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. FULTON, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

Travel CANADIAN PACIFIC

50,000 HARVESTERS WANTED

$15.00 TO WINNIPEG

Plus half a cent a mile beyond to all points in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta; Edmonton, Calgary, McLeod and East. SPECIAL LOW FARES RETURNING

GOING DATES
August 13th and 22nd—Toronto, Caledon East, Beeton, Meaford, Collingwood, Penetang, Midland, Parry Sound, Sudbury, Capreol and east thereof in Ontario, also west of Lachute and St. Andrews East in Quebec.
August 15th and 24th—Toronto, Inglewood Jct. and all stations south and west thereof in Ontario.

Special Trains Leave—(Standard Time)
Toronto Union Station—Aug. 13th, 12.15 a.m. (midnight, Aug. 12th); Aug. 13th, 9 a.m.; Aug. 13th, 12.30 p.m.; Aug. 13th, 4.00 p.m.; Aug. 13th, 10.30 p.m.; Aug. 22nd, 12.30 p.m.; Aug. 22nd, 10.30 p.m.

Through Trains with Lunch Counter Cars—Food and Refreshments at Reasonable Prices. Special Cars for Women and Colonist Cars of Latest Design
Travel the National Way to any point in Western Canada

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

ASPIRIN

UNLESS you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all

BAYER Genuine

Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds	Headache	Rheumatism
Toothache	Neuralgia	Neuritis
Earache	Lumbago	Pain, Pain

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for Perusal by the Readers of Our Paper.

TUESDAY.

"Hal" DeGruchy retires from foot ball.

The Lamb wins feature race at Hamilton.

Toronto Leafs lose to Syracuse Stars, 5 to 4.

Cutting of barley commences in some sections.

Sister of Lord Kitchener on civil pensioner list.

Maguire, Timmins' hockey star goes to Cleveland.

Britain to stop flood of emigrants to the United States.

Seven bandits hold up train and get $70,000 miners' pay

U. S. navy pilot breaks world's seaplane record for speed.

Hurried purchase of potatoes and lard arranged by Berlin.

Sinking of steamer Cater puzzles experienced lake mariners.

Railway men and employers meet to discuss wage requests.

Fishery guardian on Matapedia river is killed by poachers.

Meeting of Grain Commissioners will discuss lake shipping.

Kingston Frods are only two and a half games behind the Giants.

French Cabinet is gloomy over the French reply to Baldwin draft.

Japanese Davis Cup team makes clean sweep of games with Canada.

Colonel Biggar arrives in Toronto and investigate local needs.

French and Belgian replies to British note on reparations unsatisfactory.

Officials refuse to allow even Murrell's mother to visit him in jail at London.

Bank of Hamilton climbs 7 points to 158 on the Toronto Stock Exchange.

Fred G. Pratt, missing hotel proprietor of Stonyville, has been traced to Montreal.

C.N.R. makes new arrangements for rapid handling of harvesters for western provinces.

Sir Henry Thornton declares he will not quit job at behest of politicians and big capital interests.

President Cosgrave announces that Dail will be dissolved this week, and that elections will be about Aug. 27.

WEDNESDAY.

Lady Astor's liquor bill receives royal assent.

New York Giants beat Pittsburg Pirates.

British lady tennis stars arrive in New York.

Toronto Leafs win from Syracuse Stars, 9 to 6.

President Harding has passed the crisis and will recover.

Joint committee on Church Union meets in September 27.

Long skirt declared doomed by Paris fashion dictators.

Grey county farmers make big advances on energy (photo).

Mussolini appoints Minister of Economics to help farmers.

Canada and Britain were Uncle Sam's entertainers in June.

Hundreds held at bay by revolvers use New York jeweller robbed.

Federal by-election in Cape Breton North and West Liberal by 800 majority.

Much muddy fruit from British Columbia due to extremely wet season.

Printers of German marks stage strike; asking for 3,000,000 marks per week.

Saxophone player arrested charged with holding up poker players at Swastika.

North Bay Council refuses to pay $500 reward offered for capture of Leo Rogers.

Storks McMahon DeKour gives an interesting interview on trade relations with Jamaica.

Quebec Cabinet grants $25,000 to relieve the dried-up districts. Have had no rain for 69 days.

United States Secretary Hughes receives Britain's answer regarding his 12-mile limit proposals.

Two eight-year-old boys drowned in Owen Sound harbor, and another child perished at Goderich.

Cincinnati Reds lose two games to Philadelphia and drop to third place in National League standing.

London Board of Education decides not to attempt enforcement of Adolescent School Attendance Act.

Toronto news vendor convicted in Hamilton of selling "Racing Form," but judgment reserved pending decision as to stated case.

Argonaut (Toronto) junior four go to U. S. national championship regatta at Baltimore to compete in intermediate eight race.

THURSDAY.

Kelterbourne of Stratford goes to Kitchener.

Over one million unemployed, in Great Britain.

British yachts lead in contests for British-America Cup.

Trying to save two others Flesherton man is drowned.

Seven Hamilton hotelmen convicted on B.O.T.A. charges.

Welland rink wins International Labor trophy at Buffalo.

Noted French aviator soars to height of seven miles.

Oshawa bank teller charged with embezzlement of $16,734.

Soldier patients in Brant Military Hospital may get to Toronto.

Complimentary picnic tendered Hon. J. R. Cook at Sarling.

Willys-Overland defeat Lancashire, 2 to 0, in Ontario Cup fixture.

Further charges made against electric companies at grain inquiry.

Premier Ferguson puts temporary stop to granting of timber limits.

Hon. T. A. Crerar issues statement re his company respecting wheat pool.

Sixteen theres carrying immigrants reach New York, causing great congestion.

Director of Experimental Farm in Kent county is strong supporter of sweet clover.

FRIDAY.

Four normal, healthy children born to Mrs. Napoleon Fortin, of Sandwich, Ont.

Army of parasitic wasps released at St. Jean, Quebec, to wage war on European corn borers.

Allen Beresford, aged 9, Toronto, is killed when wheel of motor truck passes over his body.

Farmers in New Ontario "play hell" are curing one of the best crops of hay on record.

Sensational Chatham Police Court case ends suddenly when seven prominent young men plead guilty.

United States Congressman advocates Government operation of anthracite mines in event of strike.

Hon. P. C. Larkin, High Commissioner of Canada in London, accompanied by his wife, arrive at Montreal.

Weston beats Orangeville Dufferins, 5 to 2, in O.A.L.A. senior game.

St. Simon's and Excelsior juniors tie, 8 to 5.

Eddie Gerhaw, captain and first baseman of Toronto Leafs, is fined $100 by President Tuole of International League.

Frederick J. Coaden, principal of Port Stanley Public School, suddenly drops dead while acting as pallbearer at funeral.

Prairie explorations reveal prehistoric mammalia, confirming theory of land connection between Asia and North America.

SATURDAY.

Lillian E. again beats the Nayada.

Aaron Sapiro favors Alberta wheat pool.

Ontario College of Pharmacy elects its council.

Cairn unveiled on battlefield of Beaver Dams.

Crop prospects not so bright because of rust.

British lady tennis players win in United States.

Son of Viscount Churchill repudiates debts of wife.

New diabetes cure discovered in form of artificial fat.

Plans to establish 12-hour day in steel industry adopted.

Ontario College of Pharmacy elects its council.

Soldier collapsed on battlefield of Beaver Dams.

Crop prospects not so bright because of rust.

British lady tennis players win in United States.

Son of Viscount Churchill repudiates debts of wife.

New diabetes cure discovered in form of artificial fat.

Plans to establish 12-hour day in steel industry adopted.

Philadelphia Athletics lose their eleventh straight game.

French issue summary of their reply to Premier Baldwin.

Bank clearings for past week show increase of 4.5 per cent.

Canada's export trade in meat products shows a big increase.

Lightning does considerable damage in county near Torrington.

Ulster United team beats Toronto Scottish in Ontario Cup game.

Canadian open golf championship tournament opens at Toronto to-day.

Miss Macphail complains of frigid atmosphere in Commons' chamber.

Mother of Sydney Murrell continues attempts to see her son in jail.

Witness at grain inquity says he installed false bottoms in elevators.

Samuel McNairn, well-known grain merchant, Toronto, dies after lengthy illness.

Montreal C.P.R. team wins game and round from Fort William War Veterans.

Several hundred Scottish immigrants arrive at Montreal en route to United States.

Premier Balwin in Commons and Lord Curzon in Lords detail French-British impasse.

Allan Bull, victim of automobile accident at Aurora, dies in Toronto General Hospital.

Welsh residents of Toronto prepare to welcome Lloyd George when he visits that city this fall.

James Hales, K.C., and Gen. Williams are investigating administration of O. T. A. in Hamilton.

Vice-Admiral Sir Michael Culme-Seymour, commander of the British North Atlantic fleet, will visit the exhibition at Toronto.

During an electric storm, Rita, 10-year-old daughter of Mrs. McSherry, Ingersoll, was severely shocked while talking over the telephone.

Mr. T. R. Postle, chief operator at the Hydro electric transformation station, Guelph, was badly burned during the fierce storm when lightning struck the plant.

SATURDAY.

Threshing in Oxford commences.

George Langley doubtful of wheat pool success.

Governor of Ohio to return home with his convicts.

Death of Harding affects Republican control of Senate.

President Harding's sudden death creates political chaos.

J. B. Musselman defends practice of mixing Canadian wheat.

Mrs. Mallory is winner over Miss Kitty McKane of England.

Lenin and Trotsky exposed as paid agents of Imperial Germany.

Summer season natural gas rates suspended in Province of Ontario.

J. R. Gilley is appointed secretary-treasurer of Hart House, Toronto.

Negotiations with New York state on visit to further power development.

Chief of Police denies reports that sale of liquor is wide open in Hamilton.

Two-year-old girl gets bright penny as reward for being good, swallows it and dies.

Favonian wins Merchants' and Breeders' Stake at Devonshire Grand Circuit races.

Crop prospects in the district around Guelph are excellent, states Dr. C. A. Zavitz.

Successful culling campaign concludes with marketing of two carlots of fowl in Oxford.

Manager Cousens of the Toronto Transportation Commission goes abroad for a holiday.

Although pledged to carry out Harding policies, Coolidge is expected to make modifications.

J. J. Morrison says Mr. Drury is free to "broaden out," if he does so outside ranks of U. F. O.

Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto, considering erection of convalescent home to north of city.

Miss Helen Ladies' singles Northern Ontario tennis championship at Bigwin Inn tournament

USING BRITISH COAL.

Canadian Government Is Preparing For Coal Strike.

OTTAWA, Aug. 6.—The coal situation in the United States, with its uncertainty regarding the possibilities of a strike in the anthracite field, is being carefully watched by the Federal fuel authorities. The Advisory Fuel Commission established by the Government last summer is still in operation and working in harmony with the Dominion Fuel Board set up last winter for the investigation of the general question of fuel supply. Touch is also being maintained with such of the provincial fuel controllers as are still in office.

According to the latest returns available at the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, imports of fuel into Canada during the present season have been kept up to the average. For the three months ending with June, covering the first quarter of the current coal year, the imports of anthracite from the United States have been much higher than last year, and a tribe over those of 1921. The imports of bituminous coal from the United States have been considerably higher than for 1921, and inferentially much higher than those of last summer.

The imports of anthracite from the United States for the quarter mentioned have this year been 1,303,000 tons as compared with 960,000 tons in 1922, and 1,238,000 tons in 1921. The imports of bituminous coal from the United States for the same period have been 3,294,000 tons this year, as compared with 1,580,000 tons in 1922 and 2,516,000 in 1921.

The trade figures for the quarter further reflect the emergence of the United Kingdom as a source of fuel supply. During the present year there were 151,000 tons of coal imported from the United Kingdom in the three months, as compared with only 17,000 tons in the corresponding period last year. The largest increase, proportionately, has taken place in anthracite, though there have also been considerable increases in the imports of bituminous fuel from Great Britain.

HARVESTERS ARE COMING.

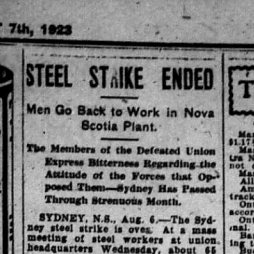
They Have Left the Old Land for the Canadian West.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—The hope is being expressed here that the Canadian Government will take steps to retain in Canada the 5,000 harvesters who will go from Britain in the next few weeks. The first trainload left London Thursday amid scenes of great enthusiasm and they appeared remarkably fine physical specimens. This and optimism, however, were the only common characteristics of the three hundred. In class, clothing and nationality they were as mixed as a bunch of 1918 army recruits. Lean Australians, jovial Irishmen, serious Scotsmen, Englishmen and New Zealanders were all there. Among the party were three clergymen, one of them stout and cheerful, being amusingly anxious as to his competence for the work that awaits him as a farm laborer near Winnipeg, ex-officers in dyed uniforms, clerks wearing clearly unsuitable stiff-winged collars, exsoldiers carrying neatly rolled great coats and the old familiar kit bag and big schoolboys in straw hats and new boots.

COOLIDGE TAKES OFFICE.

Succeeds Automatically to Presidency of United States.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6. — Calvin Coolidge, Vice-President of the United States, who automatically succeeds the late Warren G. Harding as President, was born at Plymouth, Vermont, on July 4, 1872, of old New England stock. He worked on his father's farm as a boy and through hard work obtained an education, graduating at Amherst College and afterward practicing law at Northampton, Mass. Before being elected Vice-President of the United States, in November, 1920, he was successively Mayor of Northampton, member of the State House of Representatives and the State Senate, and Lieutenant-Governor and Governor of Massachusetts. His success as Governor in dealing with the serious Boston police strike was in the public mind, largely responsible for his being chosen as Mr. Harding's running mate. He has a wife and two sons and is known for his simple tastes.


Stained Drowning Man,
GODERICH, Ont., Aug. 6.—A heroic and successful attempt at lifesaving came to light the other morning. Godfrey James, his cousin, Ernest Armstrong, and the latter's little brother motored out to the "Black Hole" with Stanley McLean, for a swim. They had been in the water a short time when James was stricken with a cramp. Armstrong saw him sink the first time, but thought nothing of it as he did not cry out. Later he noticed that something was wrong and went to the rescue. He succeeded in getting to him, but James grappled with him and he was forced to break loose. In doing so he managed to strike him in the face, stunning him. He then dived after him and brought him to the boat by the hair. A fishing pole in the hands of Armstrong's young brother aided in bringing the pair to shore.
Imperial Oil
FLARE
LUBRICANTS
LAKE
ENGILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, CANADA

First aid was used in bringing James around and in a few minutes he was able to walk home.

Separate Schools Lose.

GODERICH, Aug. 6.—Judge Dickson has given judgment upon the appeal of the Roman Catholic separate school Board to the County Court Judge in the matter of the assessment for school purposes of the Western Canada Flour Mills Co.'s property in Goderich and dismisses the appeal.

The company directed that one-third only of its school assessment should be allotted to the Separate School Board. The assessor, on the ground that there was no evidence that one-thirteenth of the company's stock is held by Roman Catholics, disregarded the notice, and allotted the entire assessment of the company to the Public School Board.

Judge Dickson dismisses the appeal and confirms the assessment, holding that the direction from the company is not sufficient without evidence as to the church affiliations of the owners of the company's stock.

Huskie is winner of Class "R" race at Watertown.

Canada's Public Debt.

LONDON, Eng., Aug. 6.—Capt. Douglas H. Hacking, Vice-Chamberlain of the Household, replying in the House of Commons to a question, stated that, according to the latest particulars available, the public debt of Canada on January 1, 1922, was $2,336,851,000, equal to £48 per head of the European population of £263.96.

Corresponding figures for Australia on June 30 last, Capt. Hacking stated, were £325,373,000, or £59 per head of the European population.

New Zealand's debt was £108,241,000, or £166 per head of the European population, on March 31, 1922.

South Africa's debt on March 31, 1922, was £130,209,000, or £118 per head of the European population.

Firemen Are Burned.

WINDSOR, Ont., Aug. 6.—A dozen firemen were burned by exploding vats of tar when fire destroyed the plant of the Canadian Roofing Company, early Tuesday.

Several times the exploding tar forced a temporary retreat, but disregarding their injuries, the firemen each time returned to the fight, and after four hours succeeded in preventing the blaze from spreading to nearby factories.

The fire was discovered soon after midnight by Joseph Cadarette, a watchman. It is believed to have started from an overheated roofing still. The loss is estimated at $50,000.

Eagle Nests Endure.

Describing the bald eagles which make their nests on the islands in South Carolina, Herbert Ravenel Sass writes in Harper's: "There is something characteristic of the great bird itself, and something attractive to the mind, in the performance of the eagle's home. Most birds' nests are ephemeral things. After a few weeks or months they are gone and not only gone but forgotten. The eagle's home is like an ancestral mansion. It stands year after year, enduring for a longer time than many a man lives, cared for and kept in repair by the winged architects who build it and who seem to have a generous affection for it. On a plantation near the coast there is a nest in a pine 112 feet above the ground. For more than 50 years the same pair of eagles have inhabited this nest, and it is possible that they will still be living there when houses that men are building to-day, out of the kind of lumber with which our men now be content, have fallen into ruin."

Assassin Bug.

The assassin bug Reduvius personatus which is known as the masked bed-bug hunter, does not by any means confine its food to that objectionable insect known as the bed-bug but feeds freely upon flies and other kinds of insects. It is frequently found in rooms which are little used and the adult is not known to only while the insect is young, at which time is body is covered with a sticky substance to which particles of dust adhere. This is the insect which is known some years ago as the "kissing-bug." When handled carelessly, it is capable of inflicting a painful bite. It is said that the pain is almost equal to that of the bite of poisonous snakes and the swelling and irritation which result from it is well sometimes last for a week. These insects, of course, are able to fly and on this way they frequently enter houses in search of food

For Your Lawn.

Lawn mowers, Goodyear rubber hose, lawn shears, grass catchers, WILSON'S HARDWARE.

STEEL STRIKE ENDED

Men Go Back to Work in Nova Scotia Plant.

The Members of the Defeated Union Express Bitterness Regarding the Attitude of the Forces that Opposed Them—Sydney Has Passed Through Strenuous Month.

SYDNEY, N.S., Aug. 6.—The Sydney steel strike is over. At a mass meeting of steel workers at union headquarters Wednesday, about 65 per cent. of those present voted to end the strike and return to work. The union executive will notify the British Empire Steel Corporation accordingly.

In their resolution, which formally ends the strike, the steel workers complain that every man's hand is against them, and they censure people, courts, police, newspaper and the Federal and Provincial Governments.

The Steel Company stated that 2,506 men were working at the plant out of approximately 5,500 who were there when the strike began.

The strike began on the morning of June 27 for a 20 per cent. wage increase.

Disturbances followed, in the course of which a number of police were stoned and a magistrate hit and practically stunned by a missile. As a result of the disturbance, Provincial police and about 1,500 troops from all sections of Canada occupied the strike district.

At midnight July 3 the eight thousand miners, of Cape Breton Island, went back to work after the withdrawal of the troops and police. On July 6 the miners' leaders, J. B. McLachlan and Jim Simpkins, were arrested on charges of sedition, and on July 18 they were deposed by John L. Lewis from their respective offices of secretary and president of District 26 of the United Mine Workers. The international president instructed the miners to return to work. On July 21 the miners returned to work.

HE STOLE A MAIL BAG.

Mystery of Puzzling Robbery Has Now Been Solved.

PORT ARTHUR, Ont., Aug. 6.—Followed for more than two years, in a hunt that led across the continent and into the United States and thence back to Canada and then to arrest in Hamilton, Ont. last week, Wm. R. Fulford, former employe of the local postal department, on Thursday pleaded guilty to the theft of a mail sack containing $11,400, and within fifteen minutes was sentenced to three years in Stony Mountain Penitentiary.

The theft was committed on April 30, 1921. A package of money was Fulford, an employe of the post office being shipped to Schreiber by mail. fice, knew the bag containing it. He followed the mail truck to the depot, and when the mail carrier stepped into the Canadian Pacific Railway yard office to inquire about a delayed train, he took it from the truck and carried it to a vacant field, cutting open the bag and extracting the package.

Thursday's sequel ends one of the most puzzling robberies ever committed in the district and one that taxed the efforts of the Criminal Investigation Department of the Royal Mounted Police and the city police.

Fulford had been shadowed by police officers from the moment he was suspected, until he was brought to book by Inspector Reames, of the Mounted Police, in Hamilton.

MUSIC AT THE FAIR.

Toronto Exhibition Continues to Improve Cultural Features.

TORONTO, Aug. 6.—Interest in the arts continues to grow at the Canadian National Exhibition, and a great deal of work is being done to foster that feature this year. It was announced during the past week that a number of well-known grand opera singers will be present in the week of music drama, which is to be given during the second week of the Fair in the Coliseum. Last season the experiment was tried with great success, it proved so successful that the peripheries of operas has been increased to six, in which several famous vocalists are to be heard.

The choral features have also been enlarged, and under the guidance of Dr. H. A. Fricker, conductor of the Mendelssohn Choir, a large choir will perform on Music Day. This undertaking is the biggest thing of its kind ever attempted in Canada. The successful musical contests are being continued this year, and a number of celebrated bands will be heard. Music has never before been given so much attention at the Exhibition.

Three Husbands Alive.

BROCKVILLE, Ont., Aug. 6.—Violet Hazel Stillwell, 22 years of age, and the mother of two sons, one four years old and the other ten months, was sentenced Thursday to serve an indefinite term in the Mercer Reformatory, the sentence not to exceed eight months, after pleading guilty to bigamy in this county.

Mrs. Stillwell, despite her youth, is said to have been married no less than three times in four years, and all of her husbands are living, and from none of them did she go through the formality of seeking a divorce. The woman, whose maiden name was Smith, of the village of Cardinal, in 1919 married George Lavere, of that place, and he is claimed as the father of her son. In 1920 she married William Stillwell, of Ogdensburg, N.Y., and a short time ago married Adolphus Youkar, of Cardinal.

Wanted In Lakeside.

DETROIT, Aug. 6.—Geordy McMahon, 24 years old, wanted by the Lakeside, Ont., authorities on an embezzlement charge, was picked up on the street here by detectives Friday. He is held on a fugitive warrant.

Dam 18 Miles Long.

Work on the Wilson Dam at Muscle Shoals (Alabama) has begun again. The army of engineers are busily concerned with what will become of the electrical energy to be derived from the waters of the Tennessee river; their business is to complete the job by the spring of 1925. The dam will form a "pool" fifteen miles long; four units of electrical machinery, capable altogether of generating one hundred and twenty thousand horse power, are on the ground waiting to be installed.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO GRAIN MARKET.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 northern, $1.17½.

Manitoba Oats—No. 2 C.W., 48c; extra No. 1 feed, not quoted; No. 1 feed, not quoted.

Manitoba Barley—Not quoted.

All of the above, c.i.f., bay ports.

American Corn—No. 2 yellow, $1.06 track, Toronto, prompt shipment.

Ontario Oats—No. 2 white, 44c to 46c, according to freights outside.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 winter, nominal.

Barley—Malting, 87c to 89c, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—Not quoted.

Rye—No. 2, nominal, according to freights outside.

Manitoba Flour—First patent, $6.90, Toronto; second patent, $6.40, Toronto. Ontario Flour—90 per cent. patent, $4.75, in jute bags, Montreal, prompt shipment; Ontario flour, 90 p.c. patent, $4.75, in jute bags, Toronto shipment; Ontario flour, 90 p.c. patent, $4.50, bulk, seaboard, prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots, delivered, Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, ton, $25 to $26; shorts, $27; middlings, $32; feed flour, bag, $2.65.

CATTLE MARKETS

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.

TORONTO, Aug. 6.—Shipments of cattle to the Union Stock Yards again overloaded the market last week, with the consequence that trading was badly depressed. The only bright spot in the week's trading was the demand for store cattle. Ontario farmers took about 2,300 head, and their purchases were mostly Western cattle at low prices. Export animals were decidedly light and buyers are still uncertain as to when they will be in a position to operate.

Prices were generally off 25c a cwt., with poorer offerings down as much as $1 a cwt. in some spots. Despite the fact that buyers were able to get the offerings at their own prices there was very heavy holdover.

The demand for beef has been light during the past weather, most of the abattoirs are well supplied. By Wednesday the best killers were 25c lower, with common killers down to $3 a cwt. The receipts on Thursday consisted entirely of Western cattle.

Scattered lots of good to choice butchers sold from $7.50 to $8 a cwt. Good cows brought from $4 to $6, with bulls within the same range for steers. Farmers paid from $3 to $5.50 a cwt. for Western cattle. The milch cow and springer trade continued dull, with the best ranging from $60 to $80.

Early in the week outside buyers were in control of the hog market and paid from $8 to $8.25 for thick smooths on the fed and watered basis. Packers did not change their bids from $8.25 and were successful in getting most of the offering on Wednesday and Thursday at their own prices.

Nearly half of the veal receipts were shipped from the north yards to the Buffalo market. The remainder of the moderate-sized run sold at steady prices from $10 to $10.50 for choice, and with odd sales up to $11.00. A few grassers sold as low as $4, with medium to good veals at $6 to $9.50.

Lamb prices declined in the second market of the week, but the price was fully restored in the third market. A few picked loads brought up to $13.75 a cwt., with the bulk of the choice around $13.50. Sheep held steady, the few light choice ones received selling at $6 to $6.

Sales for the week totalled 7,749 cattle 3275 calves 5,459 hogs and 4,965 sheep and lambs. In addition there were 298 cattle and 511 hogs billed through.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, Aug. 6.—Cattle, 4,000; most killing classes strong; quality considered; spots higher; considerable yearlings; low grades slow-steer very dull; top matured steers, $11.50; several loads, $11.50 to $11.75; part load long yearlings, $11.50 to $12; bulk, $10.50 to $11.10; bulk beef steers and yearlings, $9.35 to $11.50.

Hogs, 36,000; opened 10c to 15c higher on good and choice grades; closed early advance directly lost; bulk good and choice, 160 to 240 lb. averages, $8.30 to $8.40; top, $8.50; packing, bulk good and choice, 250 to 350 lb. butchers, $7.60 to $8.10; good strong weight pigs, $6.75 to $7.35.

Sheep, 11,000; fat lambs mostly 25c to 50c lower; sorting and culls and sheep generally steady; good and choice western mostly $12.25 to $13.40; top, $13.50; bulk natives, $11 to $12; top yearlings to city butchers, $12; medium and handyweights, $5 to $6.25; choice wethers and lightweight upward to $7.50.

BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

BUFFALO, Aug. 6.—Cattle, 900, slow and steady.

Calves, 1,400; fairly active; $4.50 to $14.50.

Hogs, 7,200; active and steady, 10c higher; heavy, $8.25 to $8.35; yorkers, $8.40; light yorkers, $8.50; pigs, $8 to $8.25; roughs, $6.75 to $6.25; stags, $4 to $5.

Sheep and lambs, 2,200; active; no change in prices.

Not a Laundry.

Washington Close, a Delaware county farmer, always patronizes a certain barber shop in High street when he goes to Munice. Recently Mrs. Close, missing him when she was shopping, went to the barber shop and enquired: "Wash Close in here?"

No, ma'am," replied a barber, "we just give shaves and cut hair."—Indianapolis News.

Seeds!

SEE ME FOR

Timothy No. 1, Red Clover, (local and imported.) Alfalfa, (local and Northern Gold,) Alsike, and all kinds of Flour and Feed.

Frost Fencing and Gates always on hand.

FRED. A. PERRY,
Dundas Street,
NAPANEE, - ONTARIO.
Opposite Campbell House.

Beekeeper's Supplies.

Foundation and section comb, sections, smokers, queen excluders and honey cans. WILSON'S Hardware.

The STRAND Theatre

GEO. TUSTIN, Proprietor.

Extra Special Programmes Our Motto.

Big special features every night at The Strand for the rest of the week.

Since taking over The Strand I assure the theatre going public the best programmes obtainable at prices that are right.

Hoping you will continue your patronage at The Strand.

Yours for better programs,

GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.

The New OVERLAND Blue Bird

Has won Immediate Public Favor

Never before in Canada has a car had such a reception. The Blue Bird has stepped into immediate popularity—and rightly.

For this new Overland is not only the most satisfying Overland ever produced—but we believe it represents value that nothing on wheels can approach.

Powered with the same motor that won such fame for the Overlands of last year, the new cars is much roomier—with 106-inch wheel base and ample legroom.

The doors are full 23 inches in width, the seats are wide; the cushions deep; the appointments rich and complete in every detail; cord tires all round; barrel headlights. The ingenious Triplex Springs kill jolt, jounce and side sway.

Finished in the most beautiful and distinctive of shades, Blue Bird Blue.

Touring Car only, $985 f.o.b. Toronto, Taxes Extra

PAUL'S GARAGE, NAPANEE, ONTARIO

The REFUGEES

By A. CONAN DOYLE,
Author of "The Return of Sherlock Holmes"

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CHAPTER I.

It was the sort of window which was common in Paris about the end of the seventeenth century.

Inside the window was furnished with a broad bancal of brown stamped Spanish leather, where the family might recline and have an eye from behind the curtains on all that was going forward in the busy world beneath them. Two of them sat there now, a man and a woman, but their backs were turned to the spectacle and their faces to the large and richly furnished room. From time to time they stole a glance at each other, and their eyes told that they needed no other sight to make them happy.

Nor was it to be wondered at, for they were a well favored pair. She was very young, twenty at the most with a face which was pale, indeed and yet of a brilliant pallor, which was so clear and fresh and carried with it such a suggestion of purity and innocence that one would not wish the maiden grace to be marred by an intrusion of color. In her whole expression there was something quiet and subdued, which was accentuated by her simple dress of black velvet. Such was Adele Catinat, the only daughter of the famous Huguenot cloth merchant.

But if her dress was somber it was atoned for by the magnificence of her companion. He was a man who might have been ten years her senior, with a keen soldier face, small vivid features, dominated carefully trimmed black mustache and a dark hazel eye which might harden to command a man or soften to supplicate a woman and be successful at either. Any Frenchman would have recognized his uniform as being that of an officer in the famous Blue guard of Louis XIV. A trim, dashing soldier he looked, with his curling black hair and well poised head. Such he had proved himself before now in the field, too, until the name of Amory de Catinat had become conspicuous among the thunderbolts of the valiant lesser noblesse who had flocked into the service of the king.

They were first cousins, these two, and there was just sufficient resemblance in the clear cut features to reveal the relationship. De Catinat was sprung from a noble Huguenot family, but, having lost his parents early, he had joined the army and had worked his way without influence and against all odds to his present position. His father's younger brother, however, finding every path to fortune barred to him through his persecution to which men of his faith were already subjected, had dropped the "de" which implied his noble descent and had taken to trade in the city of Paris, with such success that he was now one of the richest and most prominent citizens of the town.

"Tell me, Adele," said he, "why do you look troubled?"

"You leave me this evening."

"But only to return tomorrow."

"And must you really, really go tonight?"

"It would be as much as my commission is worth to be absent. Why, I am on duty tomorrow morning outside the king's bedroom! After chapel time Major de Brissac will take my place, and then I am free, once more. But still that line upon your brow, dearest."

"I was wishing that father would return."

"And why? Are you so lonely, then?" Her pale face lit up with a quick smile. "I shall not be lonely until tonight. But I am always uneasy when he is away. One hears so much now of the persecution of our poor brethren."

"Tut, my uncle can defy them."

"He has gone to the provost of the Mercer guild about this notice of the quartering of the dragoons."

"Ah, you have not told me of that."

"Here it is." She rose and took up a slip of blue paper with a red seal dangling from it which lay upon the table. His strong black brows knitted together as he glanced at it.

"Take notice," it ran, "that you, Theophile Catinat, cloth mercer of the Rue St. Martin, are hereby required to give shelter and rations to twenty men of the Languedoc Blue dragoons, under Captain Dalibert, until such time as you receive a further notice. (Signed) De Beaupre, commissioner of the king."

De Catinat knew well how this method of quartering troops had been practised all over France, but he had flattered himself that his own position at court would have insured his kinsman from such an outrage. He threw the paper down with an exclamation of anger.

"When do they come?"

"Father said tonight."

"Then they shall not be here long. Tomorrow I shall have an order to remove them. But then she sank back behind St. Martin's church, and I should already be upon my way."

"No, no; you must not go yet."

"I would that I could give you into your father's charge first, for I fear to leave you alone when these troopers may come. And yet no excuse will avail me if I am not at Versailles. But see; a horseman has stopped before the door. He is not in uniform. Perhaps he is a messenger."

The girl ran eagerly to the window and peered out.

"Ah!" she cried. "I had forgotten. It is the man from America. Father said that he would come today."

"The man from America!" repeated the soldier in a tone of surprise, and they both craned their necks from the window.

The horseman, a sturdy, broad shouldered young man, clean shaven and crop haired, turned his long, swarthy face and his bold features in their direction as he ran his eye over the front of the house. He had a soft brimmed gray hat of a shape which was strange to Parisian eyes, but his somber clothes and high boots were such as any citizen might have worn. Yet his general appearance was so unusual that a group of townsfolk had already assembled round him, staring with open mouth at his horse and himself. A battered gun with an extremely long

His strong black brows knitted together as he glanced at it.

barrel was fastened by the stock to his stirrup, while the muzzle stuck up into the air behind him. The rider, having satisfied himself as to the house, sprang lightly out of his saddle and, disengaging his gun, pushed his way unconcernedly through the gaping crowd and knocked loudly at the door.

"Who is he, then?" asked De Catinat.

"A Canadian? I am almost one myself. I had as many friends on one side of the sea as on the other."

"Nay, he is from the English provinces, Amory. But he speaks our tongue. His mother was of our blood."

"And his name?"

"Is Amos—Ames—ah, those names! Yes, Green, that was it, Amos Green. His father and mine have done much trade together, and now his son, who, as I understand, has lived ever in the woods, is sent here to see something of men and cities."

The stranger entered and, having bowed to Adele, said to her companion, "Do I speak with my father's friend, M. Catinat?"

"No, monsieur," said the guardsman from the staircase, "my uncle is out, but I am Captain de Catinat, at your service, and here is Mlle. Catinat, who is your hostess."

"I am sorry my father is not here to welcome you, monsieur," she said; "but I do so very heartily in his place. Your room is above. Pierre will show it to you, if you wish."

"My room? For what?"

"Why, monsieur, to sleep in."

"And must I sleep in a room?"

De Catinat laughed at the gloomy face of the American. "You shall not sleep there if you do not wish," said he.

The other brightened at once, and stepped across to the farther window, which looked down upon the courtyard. "Ah!" he cried. There is a beech tree there, mademoiselle, and if I might take my blanket out under it I should like it better than any room."

"You are not from a town, then?" said De Catinat."

"My father lives in New York, two doors from the house of Peter Stuyvesant, of whom you must have heard. He is a very hardy man and he can do it, but I—even a few days of Albany or Schenectady are enough for me. My life has been in the woods."

"I am sure that my father would wish you to sleep where you like and to do what you like.

"I thank you, mademoiselle. Then I shall take my things out there, and I shall groom my horse."

"I will come with you," said De Catinat, "for I would have a word with you. Until tomorrow, then, Adele, farewell."

The two young men passed downstairs together, and the guardsman followed the American out into the yard.

"You have had a long journey," he said. "Are you tired?"

"No; I am seldom tired."

Remain with the lady, then, until her father comes back. I have to go, and she might need a protector."

CHAPTER II.

It was the morning after the guardsman had returned to his duties. Eight o'clock had struck on the great clock of Versailles, and it was almost time for the monarch to rise. Servants, with clothes thrown over their arms, bustled down the passage which led to the antechamber. The young officer who had been looking wistfully out of the window at some courtiers who were laughing and chatting on the terraces, turned sharply upon his heel and strode over to the white and gold door of the royal bedroom.

He had hardly taken his stand there before the handle was very gently turned from within the door revolved noiselessly upon its hinges and a man slid silently through the aperture, closing it again behind him.

"Hush!" said he, with his finger to his thin, precise lips, while his whole clean shaven face and high arched brows were an entreaty and a warning. "The king still sleeps."

The words were whispered from one to another among the group who had assembled outside the door. The speaker, who was M. Boutems, head valet-de-chambre, gave a sign to the officer of the guard and led him into the window alcove from which he had lately come.

"Good morning, Captain de Catinat. Who commands at the main guard?"

"Major de Brissac."

"And you will be here?"

"For four hours I attend the king."

"Very good. He gave me some instruction for the officer of the guard. He bade me to say that M. de Vivonne was not to be admitted to the grand lever. You are to tell him so."

"I shall do so."

"Then, should a note come from her—you understand me, the new one"—

"Mme. de Maintenon?"

"Precisely. But it is more discreet not to mention names. Should she send a note, you will take it and deliver it quietly when the king gives you an opportunity."

"It shall be done."

"But if the other should come, as is possible enough—the other, you understand me, the former"—

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"Mme. de Montespan."

"Ah, that soldierly tongue of yours, captain! Should she come, I say, you will gently bar her way, with courteous words, you understand, but on no account is she to be permitted to enter the royal room."

"Very good, Boutems."

"And now we have but three minutes." He strode through the rapidly increasing group of people in the corridor with an air of proud humility, as befitted a man who, if he were not a nobleman himself, was the king of valets by being the valet of the king. Close by the door stood a line of footmen resplendent in their powdered wigs, red plush coats and blue velvet shoulder knots. He turned the handle once more and slipped into the darkened room.

It was a large, square apartment, with two high windows upon the farther side, curtained across with priceless velvet hangings. In one corner a narrow couch with a rug thrown across it showed where the faithful Boutems had spent the night.

In the very center of the chamber there stood a large four post bed, with curtains of Gobelin tapestry looped back from the pillow. A square of polished rails surrounded it, leaving a space about five feet in width all round between the inclosure and the bedside. As Boutems passed noiselessly across the room, his feet sinking into the monstrous carpet, there was the heavy, dense smell of sleep in the air, and he could hear the long, thin breathing of the sleeper. He passed through the opening in the rails and stood, watch in hand, waiting for the exact instant when the iron routine of the court demanded that the monarch should be roused. Beneath him, from under the costly green coverlet of oriental silk, half buried in the fluffy valenciennes lace which edged the pillow, there protruded a round black bristle of close cropped hair, with the profile of a curving nose and pendulous lip outlined against the white background. The valet snapped his watch and bent over the sleeper.

"I have the honor to inform your majesty that it is half past six," said he.

"Ah!" The king slowly opened his large dark brown eyes, made the sign of the cross and kissed a little dark reliquary which he drew from under his nightdress. Then he sat up in bed.

"Did you give the message to the officer of the guard, Boutems?" he asked.

"Yes, sire."

"Who is on duty?"

"Major de Brissac at the main guard and Captain de Catinat in the corridor."

"De Catinat! Ah, the young man who stopped my horse at Fontainebleau. I remember him. You may give the signal, Boutems."

The chief valet walked swiftly across to the door and threw it open. In rushed the officer of the ovens and the four red coated, white wigged footmen, ready handed, silent footed, each bearing upon his shoulder a huge tabernacle of stamped velvet and let a flood of light into the apartment.

They were hardly gone before a more august group entered the bedchamber. Two walked together in front, the one a youth little over twenty years of age, middle sized, inclining to stoutness, with a slow, pompous bearing, a well turned leg and a face which was comely enough in a masklike fashion, but which was devoid of any shadow of expression except perhaps of an occasional lurking gleam of mischievous humor. His companion was a man of forty, swarthy, dignified and solemn. As the pair faced the king there was sufficient resemblance between the three faces to show that they were of one blood and to enable a stranger to guess that the older was monsieur, the younger monseigneur of the king, while the other was Louis the Dauphin, his only legitimate child.

Behind the king's son and the king's brother there entered a little group of the notables and of officials whom duty had called to this daily ceremony. There were the grand master of the robes, the first lord of the bedchamber, the Duc du Maine, a pale youth clad in black velvet, limping heavily with his left leg, and his little brother, the young Comte de Toulouse, both of them the illegitimate sons of Mme. de Montespan and the king. Such were the partakers in the family entry, the highest honor which the court of France could spire to.

Boutems had poured on the king's hands a few drops of spirits of wine, catching them again in a silver dish, and the first lord of the bedchamber had presented the bowl of holy water, with which he made the sign of the cross, muttering to himself the short office of the Holy Ghost. Then, with a nod to his brother and a short word of greeting to the Dauphin and to the Duc du Maine, he swung his legs over the side of the bed and sat, in his long silken nightdress, his little white feet dangling from beneath it, a perilous

GET IT AT WALLACE'S

picture for any artist to assume even if it was not that he had so heartfelt a sense of his own dignity that he could not realize that under any circumstances it might be compromised in the eyes of others. So he sat, the master of France, and yet the slave to every puff of wind, for a wandering draft had set him shivering and shaking. M. de St. Quentin, the noble barber, flung a purple dressing gown over the royal shoulders and placed a long, many curled court wig upon his head, while Boutems drew on his red stockings and laid before him his slippers of embroidered velvet. The monarch thrust his feet into them, tied his dressing gown and passed out to the fireplace, where he settled himself down in his easy chair, holding out his chilly fingers hands toward the blazing logs, while the others stood round in a semicircle, waiting for the grand lever which was to follow.

M. de St. Quentin, is this not our shaving morning?" said the king.

"Yes, sire; all is ready."

"Then why not proceed? It is three minutes after the accustomed time. To work, sir; and you, Boutems, give word for the grand lever."

It was obvious that the king was not in a very good humor that morning. His darted little quick questioning glances at his brother and at his sons, but whatever complaint or sarcasm may have trembled upon his lips was effectually stifled by De St. Quentin's operations. With the nonchalance born of long custom, the official lowered the royal chin with soap, drew the razor swiftly round it and sponged over the surface with spirits of wine. A gentleman then helped to draw on the king's black velvet haut-de-chausses, a second assisted in arranging them, while a third drew the nightgown over their shoulders and handed the royal shirt, which was slowly warming before the fire. His diamond buckled shoes and his gaiters and his scarlet inner vest were successively fastened by noble courtiers, each keenly jealous of his own privileges, and over the vest was placed the blue ribbon with the cross of the Holy Ghost in diamonds, and that of St. Louis tied with red. The black cravat was drawn on, the lace cravat of rich lace adjusted, the loose overcoat secured, two handkerchiefs of costly point carried forward upon an enameled saucer and thrust by separate gentlemen upon either side upon silver and ebony cane laid to hand, and the monarch was ready for the labors of the day.

During the half hour or so which had been occupied in this manner there had been a constant opening and closing of the chamber door, and a muttering of names from the captain of the guard to the attendant in charge, and from the latter to the valet in the first gentleman of the chamber, ending always in the admission of some new visitor. Here, close by the king, was the harsh but energetic Louvois, all business and method, in close talk with Colbert, discussing a question of military organization with two officers, the one a tall and stately soldier, the other a strange little figure, understood little save that he wore during the insignia of a marshal of France, and owning a name which was of evil omen over the Dutch frontier, for Luxembourg was looked upon already as the successor of Conde, even as his companion Vauban was of Turenne. Beside them a small white haired clerical with a sickly face, Pere la Chaise, confessor to the king, was whispering his views upon Jansenism to the portly Bossuet, the eloquent bishop of Meaux. Close to the door Racine, with his handsome face wreathed in smiles, was chatting with the poet Boileau and the architect Mansard, the three laughing and jesting with the freedom which was natural to the favorite servants of the king.

"He becomes harder and harder to amuse," said Racine. "I am to be at Mme. de Maintenon's room at 3 to see whether a page or two of the Phedre may not work a change. Madame is a wonderful woman. She has brains, she has heart, she has tact—she is admirable."

"And yet she has one gift too many—age."

"Pooh! What matter her years when she can carry them like thirty? What an eye, what an arm! And, besides, my friends, he is not himself a boy any longer."

"Very true, but a young man consults his eye and an older man his ear. Over forty, it is the clever tongue which wins; under it, the pretty face."

"Ah, you rascal! Then you have made up your mind that five and forty years with tact will hold the field against nine and thirty with beauty.

Well, when your lady has won she will doubtless remember who were the first to pay court to her."

"But I think you are wrong, Racine."

"Well, what then?"

"Then it may be a little serious for you."

"And why?"

"The Marquise de Montespan has a memory."

"Her influence may soon be nothing more. Maintenon is the cleverest woman in France."

"Pshaw, Racine, you know our dear master well, or you should, for you seem to have been at his elbow since the days of the Fronde. Is he a man, think you, to be amused forever by sermons? No, no; it will be the Montespan or, if not she, some younger beauty."

"My dear Boileau, I say again that her sun is setting. Have you not heard the news? Her brother, M. de Vivonne, has been refused the entree."

"From what I have had put it?"

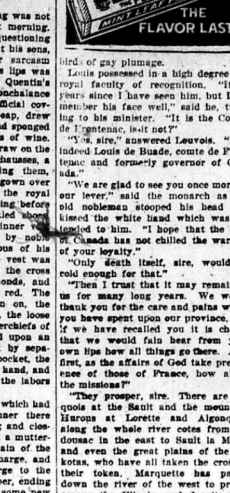
"From De Catinat, the captain of the guard. He had his orders to bar the way to him."

"Ha, then the king does indeed mean mischief. That is why his brow is so cloudy this morning then. By my faith, if the marquise has the spirit with which folk credit her, he may find that it was easier to win her than to slight her."

"Aye, the Mortemarts are no easy race to handle."

"Well, heaven send him a safe way out of it! But who is this gentleman? His face is somewhat grimmer than those to which the court is accustomed. Ha, the king catches sight of him, and Louvois beckons to him to advance."

The stranger who had attracted Racine's attention was a tall, thin man, with a high aquiline nose, stern, fierce gray eyes, peeping out from under turfed brows, and a countenance so lined and marked by age, care and stress of weather that it stood out amid the prim courtier faces which surrounded it as an old hawk might in a cage of



The old nobleman stooped his head and kissed the white hand.

birds of gay plumage.

Louis possessed in a high degree the royal faculty of recognition. "It is years since I have seen him, but I remember his face well," said he, turning to his minister. "It is the Comte de Frontenac, is it not?"

"Yes, sire," answered Louvois. "It is indeed Louis de Buade, comte de Frontenac and formerly governor of Canada."

"We are glad to see you once more at our lever," said the monarch as the old nobleman stooped his head and kissed the white hand which was extended to him. "I hope that the cold of Canada has not chilled the warmth of your loyalty."

"Only death itself, sire, would be cold enough for that."

"Then I trust that it may remain to us for many long years. We would thank you for the care and pains which you have spent upon our province, and if we have recalled you it is chiefly that we would fain bear from your own lips how all things go there. And, first, as the affairs of God take precedence of those of France, how about the missions?"

"They prosper, sire. There are Iroquois at the Sault and the mountain, Hurons at Lorette and Algonquins along the whole river comes from Tadousac in the east to Sault la Marie, and even the great plains of the Dakotas, who have all taken the cross as their token. Marquette has passed down the river of the west to preach among the Illinois, and Jesuits have carried the gospel even to the warriors of the Long House in their wigwams at Onondaga."

"I may add, your majesty," said Pere la Chaise, "that in leaving the truth there they have too often left their lives with it."

"Yes, sire, it is very true," cried De Frontenac cordially. "Your majesty, the waves of the ocean to the great plains beyond Marquette's river, and the name of this empire is France, and her king is Louis, and her flag is the fleurs-de-lis."

"On my word, count," said the king, "you have caught something of this gift of Indian eloquence of which we have heard. But about these English folk. They are Huguenots, are they not?"

"For the most part, especially in the north."

"Then it might be a service to the holy church to send them packing. "Tell me now, Frontenac, what force would you need to clear these people of one regiment, two regiments and p haps a frigate or two?"

But the ex-governor shook his gray sled head. "You do not know them, sire," said he. "They are a stern folk, these. We in Canada, with all your gracious help, have found it hard to hold our own. To put New England into your majesty's hands I would ask 5,000 of your best troops and twenty ships of the line."

Louis sprang impatiently from his chair and caught up his cane. "The matter may stand until our council, Reverend father, it has struck the hour of chapel, and all else may wait until we have paid our duties to heaven."

CHAPTER III.

While Louis had been affording his courtiers that which he had openly stated to be the highest of human pleasures, the sight of the royal face, the young officer of the guard outside had been very busy passing on the tidbits of the numerous applicants for admission and exchanging usually a smile or a few words of greeting with them, for his frank, handsome face was a well known one. But a few days ago he had been an unknown subaltern bush fighting with Algonquins and Iroquois in the wilds of Canada. An ex change had brought him back to France and into the regiment of Picardy, but the lucky chance of having seized the bridle of the king's horse one winter's day in Fontainebleau when the creature was plunging within a few yards of a deep gravel pit had done for him what ten campaigns might have failed to accomplish.

A gentleman very richly dressed in black and silver advanced, as the door opened, with the assured air of a man whose rights are beyond dispute. Captain de Catinat, however, took a quick step forward, and barred him off from the door.

"I am very sorry, M. de Vivonne," said he; "but you are forbidden the presence."

"Forbidden the presence! To you are mad!" He stepped back with gray face and staring eyes, one shaking hand half raised in protest.

"I assure you that it is his order."

"If I could have one word with the king."

"Unfortunately, monsieur, it is impossible."

The angry nobleman stamped his foot and stared at the door as though he had some thought of forcing a passage. Then, turning on his heel, he hastened away down the corridor with the air of a man who has come to a decision.

"There, now," grumbled De Catinat to himself, as he pulled his thick dark mustache, "he is off to make some fresh mischief. I'll have his sister here presently. She is not, and a pleasant little choice between making up orders and making an enemy of her for life. By my faith, here is a lady, as I feared. Ah, heaven be praised, it is a friend and not a foe. Good morning, Mlle. Nanon."

"Good morning, Captain de Catinat." The newcomer was a tall, graceful brunette, her fresh face and sparkling black eyes the brighter in contrast with her plain dress.

"A note from Mme. de Maintenon to the king. You will hand it to him, will you not?"

"Certainly, mademoiselle. And how is madame, your mistress?"

"Oh, her director has been with her all the morning, and his talk is very, very good, but it is also very, very sad. We are not very cheerful when M. Godet has been to see us. But I forget, monsieur is a Huguenot and knows nothing of directors."

"Oh, but I do not trouble about such differences."

"Ah, if monsieur could talk to Mme. de Maintenon a little! She would convert him."

"I would rather talk to Mlle. Nanon, but if"—

"Oh!" There was an exclamation, a whisk of dark skirts, and the soubrette disappeared down a side passage.

A brilliantly lighted corridor was gliding a very stately and beautiful lady, tall, graceful and exceedingly haughty. The lady was past her first youth, it is true, but the magnificent curves of her figure, the perfect purity of her complexion, the brightness of her deep lashed blue eyes and the clear regularity of her features enabled her still to claim to be the most handsome as well as the most sharp tongued woman in the court of France.

"Ah, it is Captain de Catinat!" said Mme. de Montespan, with a smile.

"Your humble servant, marquise."

"I am fortunate in finding a friend here, for there has been some ridiculous mistake this morning."

"I am concerned to hear it."

"It was about my brother, M. de Vivonne. It is almost too laughable to mention, but he was actually refused admission to the lever."

"It was my misfortune to have to refuse him, madame."

"You, Captain de Catinat? And by what right?" She had drawn up her superb figure, and her large blue eyes were blazing with indignant astonishment.

"The king's order, madame."

"The king! Is it likely that the king would cast a public slight upon my family? From whom had you this preposterous order?"

"Direct from the king through Bontems."

"Absurd! Do you think that the king would venture to exclude a Mortemart through the mouth of a valet? Go, tell the king that I am here and would have a word with him."

"Impossible, madame. I have been forbidden to carry a message."

"To carry any message?"

"Any from you, madame."

"Come, captain, you improve. It only needed this insult to make the thing complete. You may carry a message to the king from any adventuress, from any decayed governess"—she laughed shrilly at her description of her rival—"but none from Francoise de Mortemart, Marquise de Montespan."

"Such are my orders, madame. It pains me deeply to be compelled to carry them out."

"You may spare your protestations, captain. You may yet find that you have every reason to be deeply pained. For the last time, do you refuse to carry my message?"

"I must, madame."

"Then I carry it myself."

She sprang forward at the door, but he slipped in front of her with outstretched arms.

"For God's sake, consider yourself, madame!" he entreated. "Other eyes are upon you."

(To be continued.)

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PUTS HEALTH AND VIM INTO WOMEN

So Says Mrs. MacPherson of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Brantford, Ontario.—"I was always tired and the least exertion would put me out for a day or two. I had a pressing pain on the top of my head, pain in the nape of my neck, and when I stooped over I could not get up without help, because of pain in my back. I did not sleep well and was nervous at the least noise. I became run down, but I was such a wreck that I could not sweep the floor nor wash the dishes without lying down afterwards. A friend living near me told me what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had done for her so I began to take it. With the first bottle I felt brighter and got so I could wash dishes and sweep without having to lie down. Later I became regular again in my monthly terms. I have taken ten bottles all told and am now all better. I can truly say that your wonderful medicine cannot be beaten for putting health and vim into a woman."—Mrs. JAMES H. MACPHERSON, 309 Greenwich St., Brantford, Ont.

If you are suffering from a displacement, irregularities, backache, or any other form of female weakness write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Cobourg, Ontario, for Lydia E. Pinkham's Private Text-Book upon "Ailments Peculiar to Women." C

Female Frauds Usually Homely

In the past few days two women in New York have been indicted for fraud. Both are elderly and lose all points for pulchritude. Yet they showed unusual ability to impose upon hard-headed business men. The fact causes a writer in the New York Times to point out that the most noted of female swindlers have not been of the vamp type. The most successful of them, like Mme. Humbert, Dix De Bar, Cassie Chadwick, and Ellen Peck, all of whom were homely to the verge of ugliness, the most successful, Mme. Humbert, being probably the hardest looking. All these women were well equipped with brains, and it may be that the very absence of good looks had a favorable psychological effect upon their elderly and middle-aged victims, who probably would have been upon their guard against women of the siren type. Mme. Humbert was probably the victim of illusions which she had inherited. Undoubtedly she was a criminal, but it seems that after a few years of telling her story she came to believe it, thus gaining the self-confidence which enabled her to act her part perfectly in the critical days.

Mme. Humbert's father had talked for years about a mythical estate, probably to impress the neighbors, but it is not known that he defrauded anyone. His daughter became a cheat early. She wrote to a dressmaker and got a trousseau without paying for it, though no husband was in sight. Later she had the good luck to become the wife of the son of a former minister of justice, a person of no little importance. Establishing themselves in Paris, Mme. Humbert let it be known that she had two millionaire uncles named Crawford in America, who had given her a treasure, but had forbidden her to open the box containing it until after their death. In proof whereof, she displayed a solid-looking safe, sealed and presenting all external evidences of containing something of vast importance. She brought suit in the courts for permission to open the box at once and secure the millions. She had other supposedly interested parties, mere dummies, oppose her suit. The matter raged through the courts, now madame winning, and now the others, the body seemed to have the slightest doubt that the casket contained an immense fortune, nor did anybody doubt that sooner or later Mme. Humbert would come into possession of it.

In the meantime, Madame borrowed heavily upon her expectations. A company was established to share in the proceeds after the court proceedings should come to an end. The Humberts floated 700,000,000 francs in notes, much of which went for interest and refunding, but it was estimated that their net profits were 60,000,000. The Humberts were important people in the world of finance; their careers had political complications almost comparable to those of the Dreyfus affair. One day the case suddenly shifted from the civil to the criminal courts, and the safe was opened by gendarmes. It was found to contain a pile of old newspapers and a button. The swindlers fled to Spain, but were brought back. They had a tremendous trial and in the end escaped with short sentences.

Ellen Peck was another successful swindler of great homeliness. For many years she was a devoted wife and a woman held in the highest esteem. But she went to jail three or four times. Her first exploit was to get $19,000 out of a soap manufacturer who had been robbed, and to whom she represented herself as a detective. Later a shrewd patent medicine mogul was her victim. Her specialty was the promotion of various bunco schemes, and the late Inspector Byrnes of New York estimated that in the course of her career she had received a million dollars. In 1909 she became New York's oldest convict for then at the age 79 she secured a loan of $2,000 from a real estate firm on a title that had been invalid for sixty years. To the end of her career she found many people to believe in her, so convincing an identity had she built up as the faithful wife and mother, whose children had become highly reputable citizens.

Diss De Bar was plump and plain, and is known in Canada because some of her swindles involved Canadians. He mother was a Kentuckian and her father a German professor. Her specialty was the occult, and she became perhaps the most notorious of alleged spiritist mediums. When she pitched her tent in New York in 1870 she announced that she was the daughter of Lola Montez and Ludwig I. of Bavaria. Her most illustrious victim was Luther Marsh, a millionaire lawyer, who had once been a partner of Daniel Webster. She convinced him that Adelaide Neilson was his spirit bride. How much she made in the course of her career is uncertain, but at one time she boasted that out of her various cults she received an annual income of $150,000. Several times she was in prison and served sentences in more than one country, but jails seemed to agree with her, for it is on record that once she added fifty pounds to the two hundred she took in with her while serving her term.

Polarized Light and Sugar.

It is found that when polarized light is passed through a tube containing a solution of cane sugar, the plane of polarization is rotated through an angle which depends on the strength of the solution, and this has been developed into a method for determining the proportion of cane sugar in any given sample. The figures indicating the degree of polarization do not mean percentage, but the percentage of pure sugar can be computed by the figures indicated by the instrument used in this method, which is called saccharimetry.

"Bluster" of the Porcupine.

The porcupine is a "bluster." One of the best blusterers I know not only ruffles himself into a living chestnut burr but rattles his quills against one another like some medieval knight jangling all his war harness as he enters the joust to proclaim how impregnable he is. And at the same time to threaten him up a bit. If the porcupine achieved with fright the same rattling of the hollow quills would follow, and perhaps, if the truthwere known, that is really what happens.

Died on His Island of Dreams

Banfield of Coonangleban is dead, and rests in his tropic isle on which the surf of the Pacific ceaselessly beats. A stranger character than W. H. Hudson in his love of solitude and sympathy with wild life was this English gentleman, descended from that Banfield known in Kent as the King of the Beggars. Blood told in his case, says the New York Times. He cared as little for civilisation as his nomadic ancestor. In 1897, sick almost unto death, indeed doomed by the doctors soon to die, he landed on the Island of Coonangleban, off North Queensland, otherwise Dunk Island, to be cured of his malady by the salt air and the sun. About the first of June of this year a woman on the beach was seen by the crew of the coasting steamer Innisfail waving a scarf. It was Mrs. Banfield. Her husband, the naturalist and writer, had just died at the age of 79. She refused to leave the island, and the captain of the Innisfail, after making a coffin out of the ship's timber, and reading the burial service, left one of his crew on shore to relieve the widow's loneliness and do her chores for her until she decided whether she would spend her last days on the spot where she had lived so contentedly for twenty-five years with her philosopher husband.

Readers of Banfield's three books, "The Confessions of a Beachcomber," "My Tropic Isle" and "Tropic Days," know the kind of life they lived in the Island of Dreams, as he called it. Except when visited by Tom and George, first lords of the soil, and their women folk, who sailed over from the mainland to work on the plantation, the white man and his wife were alone in their bird sanctuary. Two months might be passed in absolute solitude, the only sign of civilisation the trailing smoke of a steamer on the horizon. On the title page of Banfield's first book you read the counsel of Thoreau: "If a man does not keep pace with his companions, perhaps it is because he hears a different drummer. Let him step to the music which he hears." The English wanderer heard an appeal from the sands and jungle of the little island two and a half miles off the coast of tropical Queensland. Captain Cook, the discoverer, gave it the name of his patron, George Montague Dunk, Earl of Sandwich. The native name Coonangleban suits it better.

Banfield bought the island for a song from the Queensland Government. For its three square miles he paid an annual tax of $5. He was monarch of all the surfbeat, jungle, creeks, hills, ravines, coral gardens, fauna, flora, fruits, oyster beds, white sands and caressing surf, and the turtles that came out of the sea, not to speak of a climate that was balm to the sick man and a tonic to a strong one. Thirty miles away was the port of Geraldton. In Bramoo Bay, the island harbor, a coaster could cast its anchor to deliver live stock and goods ordered by the Banfields. When they had cleared four and a half acres with native help and built a bungalow looking out on the shining Pacific they stocked their plantation with a horse or two, a small dairy herd, goats and fowls. Writing of his coming to the island, Banfield said: "Feebleness and dismay vanished with the first plunge into the still, deep sea."

The couple became heirs to or cultivated oranges, pineapples, papaws, coffee, mangoes, melons, bananas, strawberries, pumpkins, maize, sweet and Irish potatoes, parsley, mint and other herbs. The sea gave them oysters, crabs, turtles and fish. On rainy days they could fall back on a well-chosen library. The nights were always cool and the sun-dried air of the never too oppressive to work in. For beauty the sunrises were excelled only by the colors of the sunsets. Banfield made a study, day by day, of the birds, plant life and trees of his realm, and he did not neglect the insects, the few reptiles and the denizens of the sea. The blacks of North Queensland as they came under his observation found him a sympathetic interpreter.

The humorous sides of their habits and modes of life were not overlooked. Many are the quaint stories he tells about them. "This delicious isle," he called his retreat, "this unkempt, unrestrained garden where the centuries gaze upon perpetual summer." The raiment of his wife and himself was of cotton and cut to the needs of the climate. They lived well at little cost, producing most of their food. At sundown there was always a plunge in the sea and a refreshing toilet in a shady creek. Sleep came quickly and was dreamless. In the three books there is a faithful record of simple living in the tropics, and all the aspects of nature are recorded in beautiful photographs as well as in a prose that is often like a strain of music. How lived these congenial friends so sufficient unto themselves a quotation from Borrow in "Tropic Days" tells us: "'Are you not frequently idle?' 'Never, brother. When we are not engaged in our traffic we are engaged in our relaxations.'"

Indian Billionaires.

Estimates of the total value of property owned by American Indians, made recently by the Department of the Interior, fixed the amount at $1,000,000,000. The figures include forest lands, mineral and oil rights, lands allotted and reserved, live stock and other property of Indians under the guardianship of the government. Further statistics showed that $25,000,000 in the United States Treasury at the present time belongs to various tribes and that individual Indian funds to the extent of $35,000,000 are deposited in private banks in Western States.

Advice to Aged People.

People from sixty to ninety, says a doctor, should be excused from going to funerals. The funeral of your friend is sometimes followed by your own. Microbes are everywhere, and are looking for people with a poor circulation. A fatty heart is a weak heart. Keep calm. They are looking for people with a poor circulation, for pale people. Keep rosy. He gives a picture of his ideal death. It is this: "I know of no happier death than that of a doctor, still in harness at ninety, dying in his chair, just after saying good-bye to his last patient."

Could But Wouldn't.

A Glasgow merchant recently purchased a fifteenth century Highland castle, at one time the property of a Scottish earl.

He was showing an old acquaintance over his new home, and in course of time they arrived in the banquet hall.

"This," he said, "is the largest banquet hall in Scotland. I can seat 180 guests at dinner." He paused, and then added, fervently, "Heaven forbid!"

Dyeing a Skirt.

Irene was interested in the task her mother was doing. "What are you doing?" she asked.

"I'm dyeing a skirt, dear," answered mother.

A few moments later Irene looked up from playing with her dolls. "Isn't that skirt dead yet?" she asked.

Vice-President Grant Hall Says Big Crop is Assured

Speaks with enthusiasm of Western Conditions in light of twenty-five years' experience—Big Company adds miles of new Rolling Stock to take care of grain movement

"Twenty-five years intimate and continuous acquaintance with Western Canada would give any man the right to speak authoritatively of conditions there, and when that man is Grant Hall, Vice-President of the Canadian Pacific Railway, his views will be accepted without question wherever published.

Grant Hall has just returned from a tour of inspection over the line. He has been all through the West and he returns to Montreal full of enthusiasm about Western crop conditions and quite realizing the immensity of the task that lies before the railroads in moving this crop.

It was agreed that last year's handling of the crop left no room for criticism. The tremendous task of moving out the grain was handled in splendid style by the railroads, and there is every indication the same thing will happen this year. Grant Hall, interviewed on his return to Montreal, said, "The Canadian Pacific is preparing to move the grain and we expect to keep up to all our previous good records in that line."

It was fortunate for Canada that the company months ago decided to largely add to its rolling stock. The Canadian Pacific is this year building 36 engines and 2,000 new freight cars or practically forty freight trains of fifty cars each, enough equipment to have moved the entire western crop of a very few years ago. This new equipment will be on hand to do its share of the work this year.

Mr Hall makes no prediction as to the actual yield but of the general conditions he says:—"In the long term of years in which I have watched the development of the grain crop I feel safe in saying that never have I been quite so enthusiastic about the prospects. Generally at this time of year there are many reports of damage by drought or rust or hot winds, but so far we have had no such reports and we are laying our plans to move the largest crop in the history of the west. My trip has covered practically all the grain growing west leaving Winnipeg we went south to Souris and through southern Saskatchewan to Shaunavon and returning to Assiniboia, we came back to the main line and followed it to Calgary from Moose Jaw. At Calgary we visited the stampede and I should say it was a pronounced success. Going north again from Regina we visited Saskatoon and came in by the north line through Brandon.

"For uniformity and fine growth the crops are a great sight and unless some unlooked-for calamity overtakes us we shall see a splendid harvest this year."

W. GRANT HALL, Vice-President of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

The Biggest Sale in the history of Napanee's Leading Bargain Store.....

$25,000 worth of Merchandise goes on Sale

Now that I have disposed of my show I can put forth my whole attention to my store. Please remember, Dear People, that during this sale no goods will be exchanged, and no goods on approval. This is a big Cash Sale and our prices will enable you to stock up and still save money. We are only going to mention for your approval a few prices, the balance not mentioned all go below invoice prices. We will defy our competitors to meet our prices.

Sale Opens Saturday, August 11th

and will continue for 2 weeks only

Store closes all day Friday, August 10th, to have our clerks prepare for this grand sale.

First 26 customers on Opening Day will receive a pair of Silk Hose, FREE.

BARGAIN No. 1

Men's Suits, Blue Serge, reg. $45 for $23.75.
Men's Tweed Suits, reg. $25 for $11.75 ; reg. $15 for $9.75.

BARGAIN No. 2

Boys' Suits, reg. $5 to $12, Sale Price $2.75 to $8.75.

BARGAIN No. 3

Men's and Boys' Overalls, at 25 per cent. off.

BARGAIN No. 4

Men's Raincoats, reg. $15 for $7.75.

BARGAIN No. 5

Men's Panama Hats, (genuine) reg. $3 to $5, Sale Price $1.25.
Men's Caps from $1.00 to $1.50, Sale Price 49c. to 99c.

BARGAIN No. 6

Men's Work Shirts, reg. 85c. to $1.75, Sale Price from 49c. to $1.25.
Men's Work socks, wool, reg. 25c. for 19c.
Men's Cotton Socks, reg. 25c. for 16c.

BARGAIN EXTRA SPECIAL No. 7

Men's Khaki Pants, reg. $2.25, Sale Price $1.69
Combination Overalls, reg. $4.50 for $2.99..
Men's Balbriggan Underwear, reg. 75c. garment for 59c.
Combination Underwear, reg. $1.50 for 99c.

BARGAIN No. 8

Ladies' Fancy House Dresses, reg. $3.00 for $1.69 ; reg. $1.50 for 99c.
Ladies' Aprons, reg. 75c. for 55c.

Ladies' Sweaters, 1-3 per cent. off.
Ladies' Tricolette Waists, 1-3 per cent. off.
Ladies' Corsets, reg. $1.00 for 79c.
Ladies' Corsets, reg. $1.50 for $1.25.
Ladies' Corsets, reg. $2.00 for $1.49.
Ladies' Brassieres, reg. 75c. for 39c.
Ladies' Fancy Silk Camisoles, reg. $1.25 for 85c.
Ladies' Jumpers, reg. $2.50 for $1.85.
Ladies' Jumpers, reg. $1.25 for 99c.
Ladies' Nightgowns, reg. $2.00 for $1.59.
Ladies' Nightgowns, reg. $1.50 for $1.25.
Ladies' Nightgowns, reg. $1.25 for 85c.

BARGAIN DE LUXE No. 9

Ladies' and Children's Middies, Middy Suits and Children's Dresses going at Half Price.

BARGAIN No. 10

Ladies' Vests, reg. 25c. for 15c.
Ladies' Vests, reg. 50c. for 35c.
Ladies' Vests, reg. 75c. for 55c.
Ladies' Bloomers, reg. 50c. for 29c.

BARGAIN No. 11

Ladies' Silk Hose from 25c. up.
Cotton Hose (Brown and Black) reg. 25c. for 15c.
Children's Ribbed Hose, reg. 35c. for 19c.
Colors Black, Brown and White.

BARGAIN No. 12

Plain Window Shades, reg. $1.00 for 69c.
Curtaining by yard, on sale from 15c. up.

BARGAIN No. 13

Sheeting, 76 in. wide, reg. 75c. for 55c. yd. ; 70 in. wide, reg. 60c. for 45c. ; 36 in. wide, reg. 25c. for 19c. ; 36 in. wide, reg. 20c. for 12½c.
Light Print, reg. 25c. for 15c.
Dark Print, reg. 30c. for 20c.
English Ginghams, fast colors, reg. 35c. for 25c. ; reg. 25c. for 17c.

BARGAIN No. 14

Coats' 200 yd. Thread, 6 to a customer, 5c. spool.
Coats' 150 yd., 4c. spool.
Linen Thread, reg. 10c. for 5c.
Ladies' fine mesh Hair Nets, reg. 10c. for 5c. ; reg. 5c. Sale Price 3 for 5c.

BARGAIN "DELUXE" 15

Ladies' Raincoats, reg. $5 and $10, Sale Price $2.49.

BARGAIN No. 16

Knitting Yarns, 2 oz. balls, reg. 35c. for 20c. ; 1 oz. balls, reg. 15c. for 10c. Buy your yarns at these prices.

BARGAIN No. 17

HOUSEHOLD NECESSITIES

China Cups and Saucers, reg. $3 doz. for $2.25.
Clover Leaf Cups and Saucers, reg. $2.50 doz., Sale Price $1.69 doz.
Clover Leaf Cups only, reg. 15c. for 10c.
White Cups, reg. $1.25 doz. for 75c. doz.
Glass and Graniteware 1-3 per cent. off.

BARGAIN No. 18

Men's Pipes, reg. 50c. for 15c.
Men's Rubber Belts, reg. 50c. for 19c.
Men's Garters, reg. 35c. for 19c.
Men's Leather Belts, reg. 25c. for 10c.
Our notion counter is stocked to capacity for your benefit.

If we mentioned any more goods it would take a whole newspaper to do so. You will find more goods displayed on sale at our store. We are out to please and satisfy and our prices are so appealing that you cannot afford to miss it. We are opening our sale on Saturday, August 11th, to give the farmers a chance to be here for opening day. This wonderful $25,000 Bargain Sale is at

M. MAKER'S

The Leading Bargain Store. Next to Strand Theatre.

NAPANEE, ONT.

NO TIME LIKE THE PRESENT

To buy that

Diamond Engagement Ring or the Wedding Ring.

Diamonds mounted in all the popular settings.

Everything New in Jewellery

New Ear Rings just arrived at very Reasonable Prices.

F. W. Smith & Bro.

The old reliable Napanee Jewellery Store

At your service for 60 years.

FRED S. SCOTT

BARBER and TOBACCONIST John St.

(One door south of Express Office.)

Everything clean and sanitary.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

We carry a full line of pipes, cigarettes and tobacco. Our prices are right

Bring your films to us. 25 years experience at developing and printing. Enlargements made on short notice. Mail orders will receive prompt attention.

Auto Owners Attention !

30 x 3½ Tires, non-skid, $8.25—Regular $2.50 30 x 3½ Tubes for $2.00—Motor Oil, 80c., 5 gallon lots, 75c. Spark Plugs 40c., 4 for $1.50—6, 8, 24 c.p. head lamps, 45c. See our new timers for Fords. Bicycle tires 28 x 1½, $1.50, tubes 75c., new Bicycles $35.00. And all Auto and Bicycle supplies at lowest prices.

3 60-watt Tungsten Lamps $1.00, at

ALBERT SMITH'S

West of Campbell House

Do You Need a Refrigerator ?

Warm weather will come and a Refrigerator is a necessity. Come in and examine the

BARNET and RENFREW REFRIGERATORS.

COAL OIL STOVES

GARDEN SUPPLIES, Tools, Seeds.

DAVY & ALLISON,

Next to Eaton's.

Feet Hurt?

Come to our Foot Comfort Department and learn how hundreds of people suffering with corns, callouses, bunions and weak feet have been benefited by Dr. Scholl's Foot Comfort Appliances and Remedies.

Let Our Foot Comfort Demonstrator Show You

For

Corns, Callouses, and Bunions

Use

Dr. Scholl's Zin Ox Pads.

They give **Instant Relief**

The Haines Shoe Houses

At H. W. KELLY'S Grocery you can get ripe tomatoes, new cabbage, good old cheese. Purity flour and Reindeer flour, fresh Creamery butter every day, also 2 lbs. prunes for 25c., 2 cans Corn 25c., new Cheese 23c., 2 lbs. Seedless Raisins 35c. The best Coffee, pure. Try it, we will grind it while you wait. We pay the highest price for eggs.

Campbell House Corner.

Sporting Goods.

A special assortment of fishing tackle, baseball goods and tennis racquets. WILSON'S Hardware.

New High Test Gas.

In order to introduce Marathon High Test Gas to the public, we intend selling it for a time at the same price as low test gas. We invite you to give it a trial.

PAUL'S GARAGE, Napanee. 32-c

Watch for Bazaar to be held in Grace church sometime in November.

If you are interested M. Maker's adv. on page 7 will make interesting reading for you.

Selby baseball team defeated the Adolphustown team at Selby on Wednesday, score 5-3.

Try a pair of Fleet Foot during the hot weather and you will find solid comfort, at WILSON'S SHOE STORE.

Make it a point to attend the the big baseball game at the Park on Friday afternoon. See adv. in this issue.

All flags on public buildings were half masted on receipt of the news of the death of the President of the United States.

Good coal, $14.25, F.O.B. Napanee, providing four or five go together and take a car. Address G. W. Richardson, 197 William St., Kingston. 32-ep

Mrs. W. J. Marlin, Deseronto, purchased one of the famous National Electric Ranges at Vine's Electric Shop, Napanee, recently.

Percy Vine has been spending a couple of weeks at Collin's Bay, wiring stores and houses to connect up with the new Hydro line, which has just been completed.

Just arrived, Patent Strap Slippers, Brown and Black, Kid Top Boots with cushion insoles and elk soles, very easy and soft on the baby's feet. WILSON'S SHOE STORE.

Messrs. Harold Miller and Sam Hambly were arrested at the Driving Park on Wednesday last, charged with being drunk. On their appearance before the Police Magistrate they were remanded for a week.

Geo. L. Howard, who stole a car belonging to Mr. Ross Paul, from Thompson's garage, Deseronto, and wrecked the car, endangering the lives of several people, was captured by Constable Thompson, of the Provincial Police, and will have his trial at Deseronto today.

Mr. Frank Bell, Napanee, with Mr. W. Frizzell, Kingston, won the doubles competition at the Kingston bowling tournament. Messrs. F. Bell, W. C. Smith, M. Taylor and M. P. Graham won the semi-finals in the third competition receiving each a dozen silver spoons.

Mrs. E. Silver and Mr. and Mrs. John Shea wish to thank the neighbors and friends for their kindness during the illness and death of the late Edward Silver, especially Mr. and Mrs. Frank Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Shaw, Mr. and Mrs. James McFarland Mr. and Mrs. John Hagerman and Ernie Bailey and mother.

The friends of Mrs. Marie Hogoboom, a former resident of Camden East, were sorry to hear of her death, at the home of her son, E. Hogoboon, Conway. She was very unfortunate about one year ago, falling and breaking her hip, and was removed to her son's, where she died. She was a kind neighbor and will be much missed. The funeral sermon was preached at her old home by Rev. M. Pringle, and the remmains were taken to Wilton cemetery and laid beside her husband, who predeceased her a few years ago.

Mayor MacGregor has had forwarded to him a parcel of personal effects belonging to the late Alvin E. Wartman, Sergeant in the 5th Field Ambulance Expeditionary Force. The parcel contained his camera, Bible, pipe, badge and pass book. Mr. MacGregor will forward the parcel to Mr. Wartman's parents at Wesley. This parcel has been waiting a claimant for some years, but the lack of definite address on any of the articles prevented it being forwarded until a friend mentioned to Mayor MacGregor that he was looking for the address of Mr. Wartman, when the Mayor kindly offered to see to the delivery of the parcel if it was forwarded to him.

"None of us liveth to himself," Rom. 14-7 ; "Teach me to do Thy will, for Thou art my God," Ps. 143-10 ; "Our sufficiency is of God," 2 Cor. 3-5 ; "Seek ye first the kingdom of God, and His righteousness," Matt. 6-33 ; "Cleanse Thou me from secret faults ; keep back Thy servant also from presumptuous sins," Ps. 19-12, 13 ; "Take My yoke upon you, and learn of Me ; for I am meek and lowly in heart ; and ye shall find rest unto your souls," Matt. 11-29.

Help us O Lord Thy yoke to wear
Delighting in Thy perfect will ;
Each other's burdens learn to bear
And thus Thy law of love fulfil.

A BIBLE LOVER.

COLOR COMPARISONS.

An old colored man was burning dead grass. A smart Alec watching him remarked : "You're foolish to do that Uncle. It will make the meadow as black as your are."

"Don's worry 'bout dat sah," replied the old man, "dat grass will grow out and be as green as you is."

New Paint Shop.

Mr. Frank Markle has rented the Symington evaporator building at the foot of West street, and is fixing it up for a paint shop, for cars, motor boats, furniture, etc. Tops and trimmings of all kinds. Work guaranteed. 5-tf

DEATHS

Allison—At Richmond, on Thursday, August 2nd, 1923, Irvine Allison, aged 78 years, 6 months, 21 days.

Hudson—At Richmond, on Friday, August 3rd, 1923, Mabel Mary Vanalstine, beloved wife of Frank Hudson, aged 43 years, 1 month.

Russell—At Camden, on Sunday, August 5th, 1923, Andrew Russell, aged 67 years, 3 months, 19 days.

Silver—At Odessa, on Sunday, July 15th, 1923, Edward Silver, aged 80 years, 11 months.

PERSONALS

Mrs. G. A. Johnston is spending a couple of weeks in Toronto.

Mr. Hector Babcock, Hamilton, spent last week with his uncle, Mr. N. J. Babcock.

Mr. Vrooman, Walkerville, is the guest of Dr. J. P. Vrooman.

Miss Edna Richardson spent the past week the guest of Mrs. Richard Cartwright, Kingston.

Mr. E. W. Grange, London, spent the week-end at Bogart.

Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Grieves and Mrs. Grieves, sr., Los Angeles, Cal., are guests of Mrs. Garrett Joy.

Mrs. J. G. Lysle and two children, Pittsburgh, Pa., are visiting her brother, Mr. Jos. Alcombrack, Newburgh.

Miss Marie Russell, Toronto, is visiting relatives in Napanee.

Mrs E. F. Smith is visiting her father in Orillia.

Miss Ethel Pope, Belleville, is the guest of Miss Helen Benn.

Miss Irwin, Kingston, is the guest of Mrs. Geo. Moore, Newburgh Road.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Clark, Los Angeles, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Joy.

Mr. A. R. Meng and family motored from Los Angeles, Cal., to visit his brother, Mr. Herman Meng.

Mrs. Charlotte Tripp, Melita, Man., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. S. Whittington, Marysville.

Mrs. Wm. Burns, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Lower a few month, returned to New York on Thursday.

Mrs. Kienzle, of Syracuse, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Greene.

Rev. A. J. Wilson is spending his holidays with his mother, at Sunset Bay.

Rev. and Mrs. Tanton arrived last week from Jametlor, and spent a couple of days with Mr. and Mrs. Garrett Neely before occupying the parsonage.

Dr. and Mrs. Elliot Vanalstine, Chicago, are guests of his mother, Mrs. Irvine Vanalstine.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Smith, Toronto, are visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Smith, Bridge street.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Allen are spending a couple of weeks in Brampton.

Mrs. Bell, Belleville, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Robt. Shetler.

Miss Minnie Miller, New York, is visiting her father, Mr. S. R. Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Bowen and family are spending a couple of weeks camping down the Bay.

Mr. and Mrs. Knight MacGregor, New York, spent last week with Mayor and Mrs. MacGregor.

Mrs. J. H. S. Derry and Misses Lois and Mary Derry, Kingston, spent the week-end the guests of Mrs. W. J. Jewell.

Mr. and Mrs. Matt. Taylor and family are spending their holidays with his mother and sisters in Brampton.

Mr. W. J. Jewell started on Monday to build a bungalow for Mr. Bradley on his farm in Tyendinaga.

Rev. John McGillivray, St. Thomas, spent a few days recently the guest of his sister, Mrs. W. Jewell.

Mrs. A. H. Joyce, Toronto, Mrs. Wm. A. Boyce, Syracuse, Mrs. J. Coulter, Watertown, and Mr. and Mrs. Vanalstine, Brockville, returned to their respective homes on Monday, after a few days here attending the funeral of their sister, the late Mrs. Frank Hudson.

Miss Dorothy Hogle, Ernestown, is the guest of the Misses Thompson.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. McIntosh, Toronto, are guests of her mother, Mrs. Wm. Templeton.

Mrs. Henry Briscoe, Toronto, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. D. McClew.

Mr. D. B. Taylor, Toronto, spent a few days last week with his brother, Mr. Mel. Taylor.

Mrs. Bellhouse and Miss Agnes Bellhouse, Kingston, are guests of Mrs. A. T. Harshaw.

Mrs. R. G. H. Travers and Master Dick, Walkerville, are guests of her mother, Mrs. Detlor.

Miss Marjorie Daly is visiting Miss Amy Wilson at Sunset Bay, near Buffalo.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Deroche and Miss Asselstine are at Bon Echo.

Miss Helen Loyst is spending a few days in Kingston visiting friends and attending the Old Boys Reunion.

Percy Vine spent a few days recently wiring in and around Odessa.

Miss Nellie Casey returned to Troy, N. Y., on Monday.

Mr. Jas. Adams, New York, is at Dr. Harold Ward's cottage for a holiday.

Mrs. Allan Davis, Toronto, is the guest of the Misses Casey.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Hoag are spending their holidays in Trenton.

Mr. Clarence Vine returned on Sunday from Detroit.

Night Constable A. E. Cook, is off duty for a couple of weeks' holidays.

Miss Marguerite Pringle, Toronto, spent the past couple of weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ryerson Pringle, Richmond.

Mrs. Costigan, Toronto, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. D. McClew.

Miss Nellie Herring is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Holmes, Toronto.

Messrs. Donald Roblin and Bill Daly attended the regatta at Belleville. Don Roblin's boat secured a place in two of the races.

Hay fork rope, binder twine. Place your order early. DAVY & ALLISON.

KEEP IN MIND WE FILL MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY AND EFFICIENTLY

THE KEY TO THE SITUATION

A concert had been arranged by the workers of a certain mill in Blackburn and all the local "stars" were booked to appear.

"Miss Handloom," the favorite soprano, was announced to sing and before she began apologized for her cold. Then she started :

"Til hang my harp on a willow tree—e-e-ahem !
"On a willow tree-e-e-oh !"

Her voice broke on the high note each time. She tried twice more. Then a voice came from the back of the hall:

"Try hanging it on a lower branch, lass !"

—Pearson's Weekly.

PICNIC SUPPLIES

You will find our assortment of picnic supplies exceptionally complete.

Our stocks are large enough to take care of all demands.

August is our House-Cleaning Month. Every Department is Alive with Many Wonderful Bargains.

THE ROBINSON COMPANY, Limited.

FASHIONABLE SUMMER-TIME DRESSES ARE GREATLY REDUCED IN PRICE. NOW IS THE PROPER TIME TO BUY.

Dresses are Marked Down 33 1-3 and 50 per cent. from their original prices.

The assortments are unusually complete.

YOUR CHOICE AT HALF PRICE

(Group No. 1)

In this group you will be able to choose some of the season's newest and smartest styles. Several of them carry labels which trace their origin to the factories of Paris dress-makers. Others come from reliable Canadian manufacturers.

Reduced prices range from $3.75 to $15.

Choose from Voiles in plain and patterned effects. ALL SIZES.

YOUR CHOICE AT ONE-THIRD OFF

(Group No. 2)

In this group your choice is considerably wider. Dresses made up in Cotton Crepes, Cotton Voiles, Ginghams and Ratines are obtainable at less than cost of manufacture. Mauve, Grey, Tan, Tangerine, Navy and Black are some of the shades procurable.

All sizes are represented.

Reduced prices range from $4.95 to $22.50.

WE STRONGLY ADVISE YOU TO MAKE YOUR SELECTIONS IMMEDIATELY.

PLEASE READ

Monday, August 13th is "Civic Holiday" in Napanee. Our store will observe the holiday by remaining closed all day.

We will also be closed on Wednesday afternoon, Aug. 15th, which is our regular Wednesday Half Holiday. Kindly keep these dates in mind and arrange your shopping accordingly.

WOMEN'S $3.75 WOOL BATHING SUITS ON SALE AT $2.69 EACH

Style and durability are as essential in Bathing Suits as they are in any other line of wearing apparel.

These all wool suits of ours will prove extremely satisfactory from every view-point. You will find they are cut in large, ample proportions, so as not to retard your movements while swimming.

Then, too, being finished with an additional top skirt, and half moon sleeves, they are modest enough for loitering around the beach.

Obtainable in shades of Navy, Red, Green, and Black, and in sizes to 44 women's.

Quantity is limited. Come early.

"A delay may mean more money."

GIRLS - CHOOSE WASH DRESSES FOR YOUR VACATION WEAR. SMART STYLES ARE OBTAINABLE IN GINGHAM AND CHAMBRY

There is nothing more pleasing in summer than to step out garbed in a freshly laundried frock. From the side-lines there is nothing more attractive.

You will find that we have paid particular attention to the qualities used in our summer dresses. We will guarantee them as perfectly reliable. The styles offer the widest variety of choosing we have offered in years.

We would particularly call your attention to our dresses for girls in ages of 14, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, and 17 years.

Prices range from $1.36 to $4.95.

"FASHION NOTES" JUST RECEIVED FROM NEW YORK EMPHASIZES THE IMPORTANCE OF PULLOVER SWEATERS

Already we have unpacked new fall Sweaters. The "Slip-on" is assured of another popular season from a style point of view. This season the Slip-on has a wide boat neck which is finished with a cowle collar. The bottom is finished at the hips with a snug fitting band. Sleeves are long. This particular number is a combination of Silk and Wool Yarns. Procurable in shades of Orchid, Tan, Eldorado, and Blue Bell.

In Coat Sweaters "The Tuxedo" is extremely fashionable. Our new fall line is a wool and silk combination which is not only rich in appearnce but warm as well. A narrow string belt is the only ornamentation required.

Obtainable in shades as Navy, Black, Brown, Eldorado, Mephisto.

Choose yours while the assortments are complete.

REPLENISH YOUR REQUIREMENTS FROM OUR COMPLETE STOCK OF LINGERIE

GOWNS

"Cotton" still stands supreme as the leading fabric for the making of summer gowns. Our stocks are made from an unusually fine grade which is fine enough to look well, but strong enough for service. Plainer tailored modes vie with lace trimmed and embroidery effects for popularity.

Price from 89c. up.

STEP-INS

For summer comfort the Step-in easily outrivals its competitor, the bloomer. In our Whitewear Department you will find some particularly attractive styles in Step-ins. Tailored and tucked styles compete with those which are feichingly bedecked with laces and-embroideries.

All sizes are in stock..

Priced from 59c. to $2.00.

UNDERSKIRTS

For those people who still prefer Underskirts we would particularly call attention to this one line of White Shadowproof Cotton Underskirts. The skirt is cut very ample in size. The bottom is neatly scolloped which creates a garment especially satisfactory. All sizes.

Special at $1.50 Each.

FOR THE SEPARATE BLOUSE, A NEW MATERIAL HAS ARRIVED - SATIN FACONNE, 36 INCHES WIDE, $3.75 PER YARD.

A satin finish fabric very similar to baronet satin, comes in rich brocaded patterns of self colors. A very new material —quite smart for the separate blouse and the separate skirt.

Colors : Black, Whirlpool, Henna, Grey, Cocoa, Tangerine. On display at our silk counter.

OUR BEST NATURAL PONGEE SELLING AT 98C. YARD

A limited quantity to be offered for sale Friday and Saturday. Clear weave, rich natural color, free from dressing, washes perfectly.

DELPARK

The correct Athletic combination Underwear for men and boys. Splendidly made, well proportioned, and exceptionally good fitting garments.

Men's Nainsook, $1.50 Suit.
Boys' Nainsook, $1.00 Suit.
All sizes.

MEN'S ARTIFICIAL SILK HOSE WITH CLOCK

Colors : SAND, BLACK, BROWN.

An exceptionally good wearing Hose, and very popular for summer wear.

Price $1.00 pair.

BUY A HICKOK BELTOGRAM TO-DAY

It not only protects your watch, but is very charming in appearance on your belt. **$1.00 each.**

HICKOK BELTS

The belt that stands out pre-eminently above all others

The belts are all solid leather, a few of them being real genuine cowhide.

The initialed buckles are distinctive from all other buckles Sold jointly or separately. Belts, 50c., 75c. Buckles, 50c., 75c.

We also have Hickok Belts with plain buckles for men and Boys. **Complete 50c. each.**

BOYS' COTTON JERSEY SUITS

Two-piece Jersey, button at shoulder.
Colors : Navy, Brown, Saxe. Ages 2 to 5 years.
$2.00 Suit.

MEN'S HANDKERCHIEFS

The hot weather calls for handkerchiefs, and more handkerchiefs. We have some wonderful values at the present time. The prices are the lowest in years.

Hemstitched Lawns, 10c., 15c., 20c., 25c.
Hemstitched Linen, 25c., 35c. and 50c.

Genuine Exceldas, plain white and colored borders, 25c.
Plain Khakis, Reds and Blues, 15c. and 20c.
Fancy Handkerchiefs which are real novelties, 25c., 50c.

Quality, Service, Value.

THE ROBINSON CO., LIMITED

We close at 10 p.m. Saturdays. Other days at 5.30 p.m.